Service Man

DIGITAL

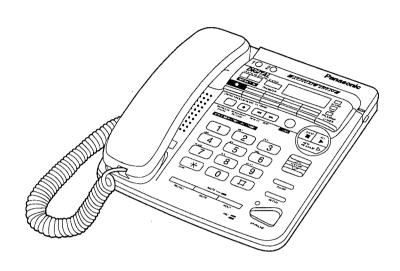
INTEGRATED TELEPHONE ANSWERING SYSTEM

and Technical Guide

KX-T2886

(for United Kingdom)

Telephone Equipment



SPECIFICATIONS

Power Source:

AC; AC Adaptor KX-A11DBEXE or KX-A311E

Pause:

Two automatic dial tone detectors

Dial Speed:

Tone (DTMF)/Pulse (10pps)

Memory Capacity:

8 phone numbers, up to 16 digits

Redial:

-When using the handset, the unit redials the last dialed number once. -When using the SP-Phone button,

the unit redials the number up to 3 times if the line is busy (Automatic redial).

Speaker:

Unit; 6.5 cm (2 ¹/₂") PM dynamic Handset; 2.6 cm (1 ³/₁₆") PM magnetic type

Microphone:

Condenser microphone

Jacks:

Telephone line, DC IN

Dimensions:

 $7^{13}/_{32}$ " \times $8^{15}/_{32}$ " \times $2^{11}/_{32}$ " [188(W) \times 215(D) \times 60(H)mm]

Weight:

1 lb 13.98 oz (850g) [with handset]

Design and specifications are subject to change without notice.

Panasonic

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№ WARNING

This service information is designed for experienced repair technicians only and is not designed for use by the general public. It does not contain warnings or cautions to advise non-technical individuals of potential dangers in attempting to service a product. Products powered by electricity should be serviced or repaired only by experienced professional technicians. Any attempt to service or repair the product or products dealt with in this service information by anyone else could result in serious injury or death.

When you mention the serial number, while down the 11 digits. The serial number may be found on the label affixed to the bottom of the unit.

FOR SERVICE TECHNICIANS

ICs and LSIs are vulnerable to static electricity.

When replacing, the following precautions will help prevent recurring malfunctions.

- 1) Cover the plastic parts boxes with aluminum foil.
- 2) Ground the soldering irons,
- 3) Use a conductive mat on the workable.
- 4) Do not grasp IC or pins with bare fingers.

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LOCATION OF CONTROLS

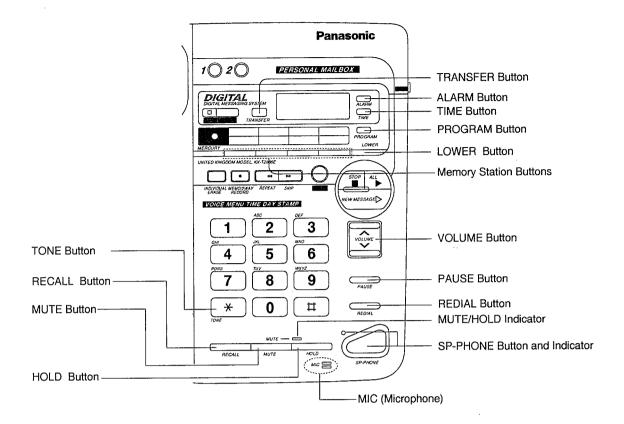


Fig. 1

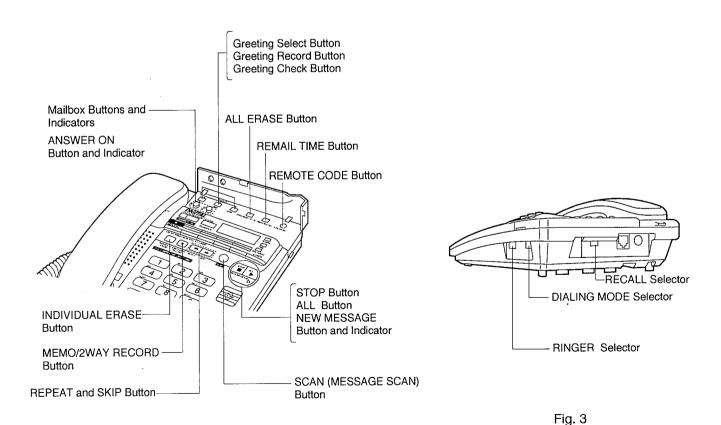
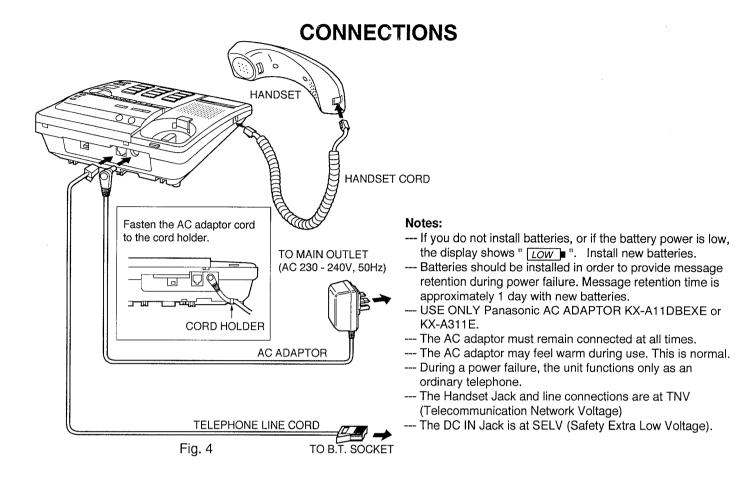


Fig. 2



NEW FEATURES

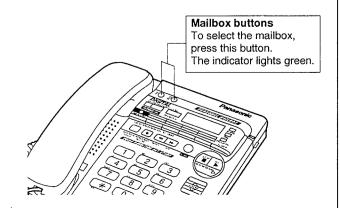
Mailbox feature

The unit has 3 memory locations --- common memory and 2 personal mailboxes. A caller can leave a message in a specified mailbox, and only the person who knows the password can retrieve the message from the mailbox. This is useful when you use the unit jointly with other people.

Messages are recorded in common memory unless a specified mailbox is selected.

To use the mailbox

- 1. Record mailbox greeting message(s) in the mailbox(es).
- 2. Program each mailbox password.
- In order to leave a message is a mailbox, each owner of the mailboxes must inform callers, in advance, of their mailbox number.



Recording a mailbox greeting message

This is played back to the caller who selected the specific mailbox.

- 1. Open the lid, and then press the mailbox button (1 or 2).
 - ----The mailbox indicator light is on.
- 2. Press the GREETING RECORD.
 - ----"Recording greeting after the beep" is heard, followed by a long beep.
- 3. Immediately after the long beep, speak into the microphone.
- 4. To stop recording, press the STOP or GREETING RECORD button.

We recommend you record a brief greeting message leaving more time for incoming messages. If you do not record a mailbox greeting, incoming messages can be left after the long beep.

Sample of personal greeting message

"Hello, this is John. Sorry, I cannot take your call. Please leave your message after the beep. Thank you."

Checking the greeting message for your mailbox

- 1. Press the mailbox button (1 or 2). The mailbox indicator light is on.
- 2. Press the GREETING CHECK button.

Erasing the greeting message for your mailbox

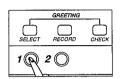
- Press the mailbox button (1 or 2).
 The mailbox indicator light is on.
- 2. Press the GREETING CHECK.
- 3. Press the INDIVIDUAL ERASE while the message is being played.

Programming the mailbox password

Program you own password (any 3-digit number, 000-999) for your mailbox to prevent other users from retrieving messages.

Note

- --- If you do not program the password, other users can retrieve the messages from the mailbox, even if they do not know the password
- ----Once you have programmed the password, you cannot confirm it.
- --- If you forget your password, consult your service center.
- --- Use a number that is different from the remote code.



- 1. Open the lid, and then press the desired mailbox button.
- --- The mailbox indicator light is on.
- 2. Press the REMOTE CODE button.



- Enter the desired 3-digit number (000-999).
- **4.** To finish programming, press the REMOTE CODE button.
- --- A beep is heard.

To re-program your mailbox password

Erase the current password, then enter new one.

To erase the password

- 1. Open the lid and then press the desired mailbox button.
- 2. Press the REMOTE CODE and the password, then press MUTE.
- When the uncorrect password is entered,, 6 beeps are heard and you can not erase it. When the password entered is correct, one beep is heard, then press REMOTE CODE to finish.

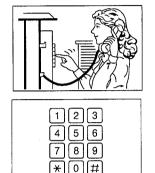
To erase the password

(When you don't know the passward and forget the it.)

- 1. Press the desired mailbox button.
- 2. Press the REMOTE CODE button.
- 3. Press the "#". "9", "0", "0" and "0" keys.
- Press the REMOTE CODE button and a beep are heard, the passward is erased.

How incoming messages are recorded in each mailbox

In order to leave a message in a mailbox, each owner of the mailboxes must inform callers in advance.



- **1.** A caller calls your unit (from a touch tone telephone only).
- --- Common greeting message is heard.
- 2. A caller presses "#", then enters "1 or 2" (desired mailbox number).
- Mailbox greeting is heard, followed by a long beep.
- **3.** An incoming message is recorded in a specified mailbox.

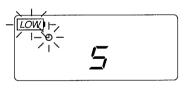
Note:

- --- If a caller does not specify the mailbox in the step 2, the message will be recorded in the common memory.
- --- If you have not recorded a mailbox greeting, incoming messages will be left after the long beep.

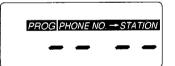
Retrieving messages in your mailbox

When there is an unheard message in the mailbox, the mailbox indicator flashes.

DISPLAY



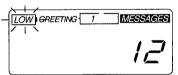
When the unit is initializing.



When you press the PROGRAM button to set the unit to the programming mode.



While you are recording or playing the greeting message.



When you do not install batteries, or the battery power is low. Install new ones.



Adjust the time and day.



When greeting only function is selected.



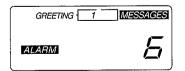
10 messages have been recorded.



When you press the REMAIN TIME button. Remaining recording time is displayed for about 5 seconds.



When the memory is full. Erase some or all messages.



The alarm clock is set to ON.

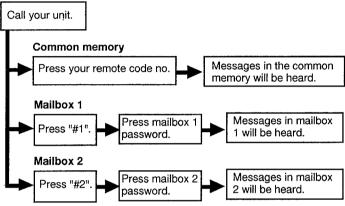
OPERATIONS

Remote operation

You can access your unit and retrieve the recorded messages from a remote location with a touch tone telephone. You can identify a touch tone telephone because it has a * button and a # button, and each button produces a different tone from any other button when pressed.

If you specify the mailbox number, only the memory of the specified mailbox is accessed. If not specified, common memory is accessed.

Summary of remote operation

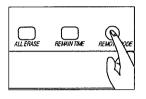


Note:

- ----When you are listening to your messages remotely, the unit will stop playback every 2 minutes 40 seconds and you will hear 2 beeps. To continue playback, press "9" within 10 seconds of hearing the beeps. If you do not press "9" in time, the unit will hand up.
- ---If two or more people use this unit, we recommend that all messages in the common memory are listened to each time the machine is accessed. If only new messages are played back you can miss messages for you because someone else has already heard them.

Setting the remote code number

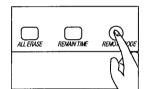
The remote code number prevents unauthorized persons from accessing your unit and listening to your messages. The number preset is "111". Choose any 3-digit number (000-999).



- **1.** Open the lid, and then press REMOTE CODE.
- --- The current setting is displayed.



2. Enter the desired 3-digit number (000-999).



3. To finish programming, press REMOTE CODE.

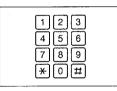
To check the remote code number; Press the REMOTE CODE, the current setting is displayed, then press the button again to end.

 Call your unit, and press "#" and "1 or 2" (desired mailbox no.) during common

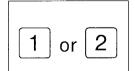
Listening to the recorded messages in the common memory



- Call your unit, then press your remote code number during common greeting playback.
- The unit tells you the number of recorded messages of the common memory.



- **2.** After 3 seconds, the unit starts the voice menu function.
- --- "Press 1 to play back all messages, press 2 for other functions." is announced.



Press "1" to use the announced feature.

Press "2" to proceed to other function.

You may hang up at any time to end the remote operation.

If you want to listen to messages in the mailbox after playing back messages in the common memory.

- 1. Press "#" and "1 or 2" (desired mailbox number).
- 2. Enter mailbox password.
- 3. Wait for the voice menu function or press the direct remote command "4" or "5" to play back messages.

Note:

---If you hear 6 beeps after playing back messages, the memory is full.
You must erase some or all messages.

Listening to message in the mailbox 1 or 2



4 5 6

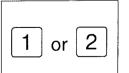
7 8 9

* 0 #

- 2. Enter a mailbox password.The unit announces the number of messages in the mailbox.
- --- If you have not set the password use the remote code number.
- 3. After 3 seconds, the unit starts the voice menu function.
 --- "Press 1 to play back all messages. presas 2 for other functions." is

announced.

greeting playback.



Press "1" to use the announced feature. Press "2" to proceed to other function.

You may hang up at any time to end the remote operation.

If you want to listen to messages in the other memory after playing back:

- 1. Press "#" and "0" (for common memory) or press "#", and the mailbox number.
- 2. Enter the mailbox password if a mailbox has been selected.
- 3. Wait for the voice menu function or press the direct remote command "4" or "5" to play back messages.

Note:

---If you hear 6 beeps after playing back messages, the memory is full. You must erase some or all messages.

DISASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

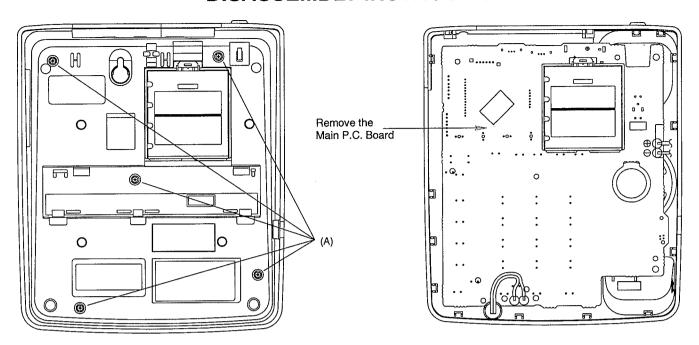


Fig. 5 Fig. 6

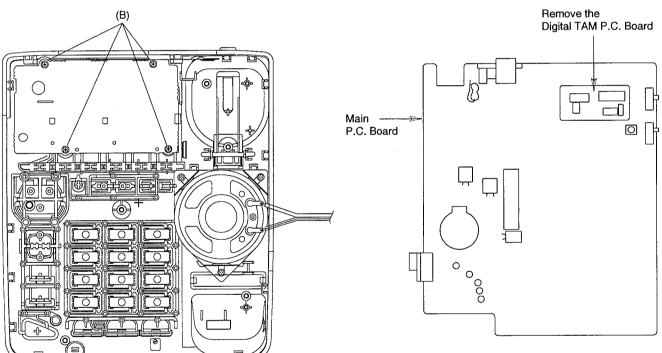


Fig. 7

Ref. No.	Procedure	Shown in Fig	To remove	Remove
1	1	5	Lower Cabinet	Screws (3×14)(A)×5
2	1, 2	6	Main P.C.Board	Remove the Main P.C.Board
3	1~3	7	Operation P.C.Board	Screws (3×10)(B)×4
4	1, 2, 4	8	Digital TAM P.C.Board	Remove the Digital TAM P.C.Board

HOW TO REPLACE FLAT PACKAGE IC

PREPARATION

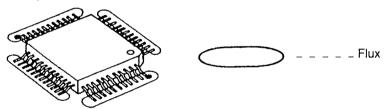
■ PROCEDURE

1. Temporarily fix FLAT PACKAGE IC by soldering on two marked 2 pins.

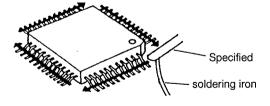


"Most important matter is accurate setting of IC to the corresponding soldering foil.

2. Apply flux for all pins of FLAT PACKAGE IC.

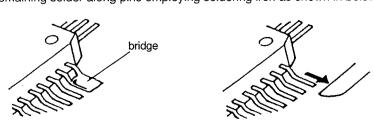


3. Solder employing specified solder to direction arrow, as sliding the soldering iron.

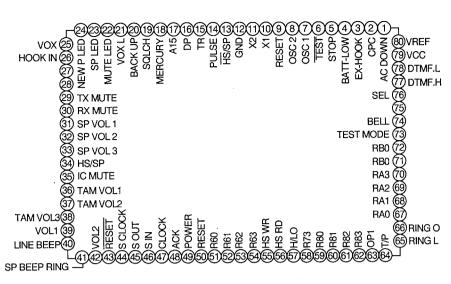


■ MODIFICATION PROCEDURE OF BRIDGE

- 1. Re-solder slightly on bridged portion.
- 2. Remove remaining solder along pins employing soldering iron as shown in below Figure.



CPU DATA (ITS)



PQVI4639RA20(IC201) Part No.: P P

Power Supply:	5±0.1 V
Program ROM:	16K X 4bit
_	

Pin	Function	High	Low	Pin	Function	High	Low
No.		J		No.			
1	AC Down	Non AC Adaptor	AC Adaptor	36~38	TAM Volume	Open	
2	CPC	CPC In	No CPC	39	Volume 1	Open	
3	EXT HOOK	EXT Hook In	No EXT Hook In	40	Line Beep	ON	CMOS
4	Battery Low	Battery Enough	Battery Low	1		OFF	OPEN
5	Stop	Stop IN	No Stop	41	SP Beep	ON	CMOS
13	Handset/Speaker	Handset Off	Handset On			OFF	OPEN
14	Pulse	Make	Break	42	Volume 2	Open	
15	TR	Detect Tel Line	Tel Line Off	43	Reset		LCD Reset
16	DP	Make	Break	44	S Clock		
		O	n-Hook Off Hook	45	S Out		
		AC Adaptor	Low Open	46	S In (Data)		
		· ·	Open Open	47	Clock		
				48	ACK	During Communication	
17	A15			49	Power		Power Down
18	Mercury	Mercury		50	Reset		
19	SQLCH			51~54	Transmit/Receive		
20	Back up	Open	DSP Back up		the DSP Data		
21	Vox Level	Sence Low	Sence High	55	HS WR		
22	Mute LED	LED Off	LED On	56	HS RD		
23	SP LED	LED Off	LED On	57	Data H/L		
24	NEW LED	LED Off	LED On	58~62	Key In		Key In
25	vox	No Sound	Sound	63	Option In		Option In
26	Hook	On-Hook	Off-Hook	64	T/P SW	Pulse	Tone
29	MIC Mute	Mute On	Mute Off	65	Ringer SW	High	Low Off (L,H) (H,L)
30	SP Mute	Mute On	Mute Off	66	(H/L/OFF)	(65,66) (H,H)	r
31~33	SP Volume	Open		1	Key Strobe	Normal	Scan
34	Handset/Speaker	SP IC Off	SP IC On	73	Test Mode		
35	IC Mute	Mute On	Mute Off	74	BELL IN		BELL

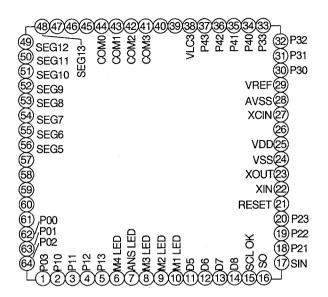
KX-T2886E

Pin Description

Function	Signal Name	Pin No.	1/0	Description
Power Supply	Vcc	79		Power Source.
	GND	12		Ground
	TEST	6	ı	Not for User application.
	RESET	9	1	Used to reset CPU.
	OSC1	7	ı	I/O terminal for system clock oscillator.
	OSC2	8	0	
System Control	X1	10	1	I/O terminal for sub system clock oscillator.
	X2	11	0	
	STOPC	25	ı	I/O terminal for transition from the stop mode to the active
				mode.
	SEL	76	ı	Terminal for selecting the dividing ratio system clock after
				resetting or the active mode resumes from the stop mode.
	D0~D11	13~24	1/0	I/O terminal for every 1-bit access. D0~D3 are high-current
				source terminals (max. 10 mA) and D4~D11 are high-current
				sink terminals (max. 15 mA).
Port	D12, D13	25, 26	ı	Input terminal for every 1-bit access.
	R00~RC00	27~75	1/0	I/O terminal for every 4-bit access.
	RD0~RD3, RE0	1~5	ı	Input terminal for every 4-bit access.
Interrupt	INT0~INT4	26~30	I	Input terminal for external interrupt.
	TONER	78	0	Output for Row's DTMF signal.
DTMF Generation	TONEC	77	0	Output for Column's DTMF signal.
Circuit	VTref	80		Reference level power supply terminal of DTMF signal.
				Voltage condition: Vcc VTref GND
Timer	EVNB, EVND	42, 43	1	Timer event input terminal.
	TOB, TOC, TOD	39~41	0	Timer output terminal.
Serial Communication	SCK1, SCK2	44, 48	I/O	SCI clock I/O terminal.
Interface	SI1, SI2	45, 49		SCI reception data input terminal.
	SO1, SO2	46, 50	0	SCI transmission data output terminal.
Voltage Comparator	COMP0~COMP3	1.~4	I	Analog input terminal of voltage comparator.
	VCref	5		Input terminal of voltage comparator's reference level
				voltage.

Note: I=Input O=Output I/O=Input/Output

CPU DATA (LCD)



Part No.: PQVI5204110F(IC601)

Power Supply: 5±0.1V Program ROM: 16K X 10bit

Pin	Function	High	Low	Pin	Function	High	Low
No.				No.			
1	Key Strobe	/		20		/	/
2~5	Key Input	/	Key	21	Reset	/	/
6	Not Used	/		22	X In	/	/
7	Answer LED	/	LED ON	23	X Out	/	/ /
8	Not Used	/		24	and the second s	/	/
9	M2 LED	/	LED ON	25	Vdd	/	
10	M1 LED	/	LED ON	26	<u></u>	/	/
11			/	27		/	/
12		/	/	28	Vss	/	/
13		/		29~40		/	/ /
14		/		41~44	Common	/	/
15	Serial Clock Input	/		45	Not Used	/	/
16	Serial Out	/	/	46	Not Used	/	/
17	Serial In	/	/	47	Not Used	/	/
18		/	/	48~61	Segment	/	
19		/	V	62~64	Key Strobe	V	/

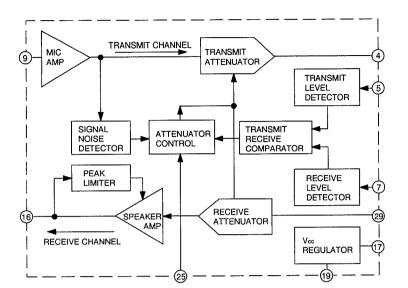
KX-T2886E

■ Pin Description

Function	Signal Name	Pin No.	I/O	Description
I/O Port	P00~P03	1, 62~64	1/0	For 4-bit signal input and output. Programming the output
				latch to "1" enables the ports to input signal. The N channel
	P10~P13	2~5	I/O	open drain circuit outputs signal.
	D0~D4	7, 9, 10	I/O	For 4-bit signal input and output. Programming the output
•				latch to "1" enables the porys to input signal. The N channel
				open drain circuit outputs signal.
Serial I/O Clock I/O	SCK	15	I/O	If the Serial I/O function is selected by software, this is used
				for the serial I/O terminal of the synchronous clock for the
				Serial Data transmission.
Serial Data Output	SOUT	16	0	If the Serial I/O function is selected by software, this is used
				for the output terminal of the Serial Data.
Serial Data Input	SIN	17	l	If the Serial I/O function is selected by software, this is used
				for the input terminal of the Serial Data.
Input Port	P21~P23	18~20	1	For 4-bit signal input and output.
Reset I/O	RESET	21	I/O	I/O terminal of the reset signal.
Main Clock Input	X IN	22	ı	I/O terminal of the main clock generation circuit. This is
Main Clock Output	X OUT	23	0	used by connecting the ceramic oscillator between the X IN
				and X OUT terminals.
Power Source	Vdd	25		Positive power supply voltage terminal.
GND	Vss	28	auau	Ground
Input Port	P30~P33	30~33	I	For 4-bit signal input and output.
	P40~P43	34~37	I	
Input power	VLC3	38	ı	Power source input terminal for the LCD.
Source for LCD				
Common Output	COM0~COM3	41~44	0	LCD COMMON output terminal. During 2 time division,
				COM0 and COM1 are used. During 3 time division,
				COM0~COM2 are used. During 4 time division,
				COM0~COM3 are used.
Segment Output	SEG0~SEG13	48~61	0	LCD SEGMENT output terminal.

Note: I=Input O=Output I/O=Input/Output

SPEAKERPHONE IC DATA



Part No.: PQVISC77655V (IC301)

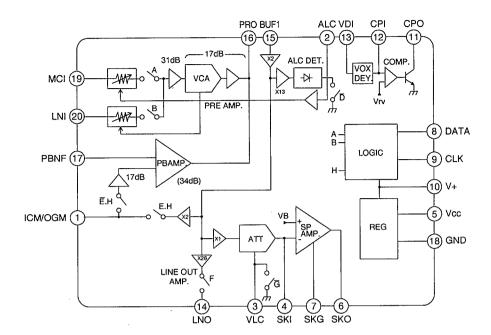
■Pin Description

Name RR	Description
מם	
1111	A resistor to ground provides a reference current for the transmit and receive attenuators.
RTX	A resistor to ground determines the nominal gain of the transmit attenuator. The transmit channel gain is
	inversely proportional to the RTX resistance.
TXI	Input to the transmit attenuator. Input resistance is nominally 5.0 kohms.
TXO	Output of the transmit attenuator. The TXO output signal drives the input of the transmit level detector, as
	well as the external circuit which drives the telephone line.
TLI	Input of the transmit level detector. An external resistor ac coupled to the TLI pin sets the detection level.
	Decreasing this resistor increases the sensitivity to transmit channel signals.
TLO	Output of the transmit level detector. The external resistor and capacitor set the time the comparator will
	hold the system in the transmit mode after speech ceases.
RLI	Input of the receive level detector. An external resistor ac coupled to the RLI pin sets the detection level.
	Decreasing this resistor increases the sensitivity to receive channel signals.
RLO	Output of the receive level detector. The external resistor and capacitor set the time the comparator will
	hold the system in the receive mode after the receive signal ceases.
MCI	Microphone amplifier input. Input impedance is nominally 10 kohms and the dc bias voltage is
	approximately equal to VB.
MCO	Microphone amplifier output. The mic amp gain is internally set at 34 dB (50 V/V).
CP1	A parallel resistor and capacitor connected between this pin and Vcc holds a voltage corresponding to the
	background noise level. The transmit detector compares the CP1 voltage with the speech signal from CP2.
CP2	A capacitor at this pin peak detects the speech signals for comparison with the background noise level held
	at CP1.
	TXI TXO TLI TLO RLI RLO MCI MCO CP1

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Pin No.	Name	Description
14	XDI	Input to the transmit detector system. The microphone amplifier output is ac coupled to the XDI pin through
		an external resistor.
15	SKG	High current ground pin for the speaker amp output stage. The SKG voltage should be within 10 mV of the
		ground voltage at Pin 22.
16	SKD	Speaker amplifier output. The SKO pin will source and sink up to 100 mA when ac coupled to the speaker.
		The speaker amp gain is internally set at 34 dB (50 V/V).
17	V+	Input dc supply voltage. V+ can be powered from Tip and Ring if an ac decoupling inductor is used to
		prevent loading ac line signals. The required V+ voltage is 6.0 to 11V (7.5V nominal) at 7.0 mA.
18	AGC	A capacitor from this pin to VB stabilizes the speaker amp gain control loop, and additionally controls the
	:	attack and decay time of this circuit. The gain control loop limits the speaker amp input to prevent clipping
		at SKO. The internal resistance at the AGC pin is nominally 110 kohms.
19	CS	Digital chip select input. When at a Logic "0" (<0.7V) the Vcc regulator is enabled. When at a Logic "1"
		(>1.6V), the chip is in the standby mode drawing 0.5mA. An open $\overline{\text{CS}}$ pin is a Logic "0". Input impedance is
		nominally 140 kohms. The input voltage should not exceed 11 V.
20	SKI	Input to the speaker amplifier. Input impedance is nominally 20 kohms.
21	Vcc	A 5.4 V regulated output which powers all circuits except the speaker amplifier output stage. Vcc can be
		used to power external circuitry such as a microprocessor (3.0 mA max). A filter capacitor is required.
		The MC34018 can be powered by a separate regulated supply by connecting V+ and Vcc to a voltage
		between 4.5 V and 6.5 V while maintaining $\overline{\text{CS}}$ at a Logic "1".
22	VB	An output voltage equal to approximately Vcc/2 which serves as an analog ground for the speakerphone
		system. Up to 1.5 mA of external load current may be sourced from VB. Output impedance is 250 ohms.
		A filter capacitor is required.
23	Gnd	Ground pin for the IC (except the speaker amplifier).
24	XDC	Transmit detector output. A resistor and capacitor at this pin hold the system in the transmit mode during
		pauses between words or phrases. When the XDC pin voltage decays to ground, the attenuators switch
		from the transmit mode to the idle mode. The internal resistor at XDC is nominally 2.6 kohms.
25	VLC	Volume control input. Connecting this pin to the slider of a variable resistor provides receive mode volume
		control. The VLC pin voltage should be less than or equal to VB.
26	ACF	Attenuator control filter. A capacitor connected to this pin reduces noise transients as the attenuator
		control switches levels of attenuation.
28	RXO	Output of the receive attenuator. Normally this pin is ac coupled to the input of the speaker amplifier.
29	RXI	Input of the receive attenuator. Input resistance is nominally 5.0 kohms.
30	RRX	A resistor to ground determines the nominal gain of the receive attenuator. The receive channel gain is
		directly proportional to the RRX resistance.

RECORD/PLAY AMP IC DATA



Part No.: PQVISC111815 (IC401)

Din Description

■Pin [escription	on
Pin No.	Name	Description
1	ICM/OGM	I/O for ICM head. I/O impedance is approximately 20 kohm that keeps high impedance sufficient for head
		load.
2	ALC	For connection to CR for ALC detection smoothing. The time constant of the CR decides the recovery time.
		The attack time depends on the values of C and internal resistance (approx. 8.5 kohm).
3	VLC	Volume control input. The speaker output controlled by changing the volume resistance between this pin
		and GND.
4	SKI	Reverse input of the speaker amplifier. The gain and frequency characteristics are set by external CR.
		Non-reverse input is biased by internal power source (approx. 1/2 Vcc).
5	Vcc	Power source of IC except LOGIC part.
6	SKO	Output of speaker amplifier. Sets frequency characteristics by connecting to Pin 4 in parallel.
:		Speaker's impedance is normally 30 ohms.
7	SKG	GND speaker amplifier output part.
8	DATA	Input of control data for mute mode. For serial synchronous input with clock signal.
9	CLK	Clock input for data input sychronization. Controls shift register by data bit at fall, and latches by reading
		data at rise.
10	V+	5.4 V stable output to supply bias with microphone.
11	CPO	output of comparator. Connected to open-collector of NPN transistor.
12	CPI	Input of VOX detector comparator. Compares internal reference voltage with gained voltage, and has a bit
		hysteresis characteristics.
13	VDI	Input of VOX detector.
14	LNO	Output of buffer amplifier for line output. Current amplifier.

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Pin No.	Name	Description
15	BUFI	Inputs of Recording amplifier, line output amplifier, speaker amplifier, and ALC detector. These are input
		after voltage/radio conversion by CR between this pin and pin 16.
16	PRO	Output of MIC/LINE amplifier and playback amplifier.
17	PBNF	Reverse input of playback amplifier for controlling frequency characteristics. The CR network between this
		pin and Pins 16 and 18 set frequency and gain.
18	GND	GND for all ICs except speaker amplifier.
19	MCI	Input of microphone amplifier. The input resistance is normally 33 kohms.
20	LNI	Input of line amplifier. The same configuration as MCI.

DSP IC DATA



Part No.: PQVID6305AD (IC701)

■Pin Description

FIIIL	escription	
Pin No.	Name	Description
14	HSTDB0 (LSB)	HOST data bus. The HOST writes commands and reads status to/from the D6305A via this bus.
8~13	HSTDB1~6	The HI/LO pin selects between the low byte and the high byte of the command/status.
7	HSTDB7(MSB)	This is used for input when HSTWR is low, and for output when HSTRD is low.
		It has high impedance when HSTWR and HSTRD are high or RESET is low.
4	HI/LO	High/Low byte select. When this signal is low, the HOST can read/write the low byte of the
		status/command. When high, the byte is selected.
5	HSTRD	HOST read. When low, the HOST reads the low/high byte of the status word.
6	HSTWR	HOST write.
3	ACK	HOST acknowledge. It goes high when the HOST reads the high byte of the status word.
59	ADDR0(LS8)	External memory address bus
60~72	ADDR1~13	
2	ADDR14	
37	EPRRD	Voice prompt ROM/EPROM read (active low).
39	MDB0(LSB)	External memory data bus.
40~45	MDB1~6	
46	MDB7(MSB)	
47~56	MDB8~15	
35	DRMWR	ARAM write (active low).
29	CAS0	ARAM CAS (0 for first ARAM, 1 for second ARAM, etc.).
30	CAS1	
33	CAS2	
34	CAS3	4 Mbit ARAM CAS (ARAM 4)
28	RAS	ARAM RAS.

KX-T2886E

Pin No.	Name	Description
27	DR	Serial input for CODEC PCM data.
25	DX	Serial output for CODEC PCM data.
23	FSYNC	Frame synchronization signal for CODEC.
20	SCLK	Clock output to CODEC.
18	X IN	Crystal input pin for internal oscillator. The frequency is 29.4912 MHz.
17	X OUT	Crystal output pin for internal oscillator.
15	GND	Ground pin.
31	GND	
54	GND	
74	GND	
19	Vcc	+5V battery backed-up power supply input. This power source should be connected to the ARAMs,
32	Vcc	and voice prompt ROM/EPROM.
73	Vcc	
53	Vcc1	
61	PDN	Vcc power fail sensor input, when a low level is detected on this pin, the D6305A enters power-down
		mode.
21	RESET	Reset input (active high).

CODEC IC DATA

Part No.: PQVIMC5480DW (IC702)

1	RD+	VAG	20
2	RD-	TI+	<u>(19</u>)
3	Pl	TI-	(18)
4	PO-	TG	17
(5)	PO+	MU/A	16
6	VDD	vss	(15)
7	FSR	FST	14)
(8)	DR	DT	(13)
9	BCLKR	BCLK	(12)
10	PDI	MCL	(1)

■Pin Description

PIN Description				
Pin No.	Name	Description		
1	RO+	Recept the outputted analog.		
2	RO-	Recept the outputted analog.		
3	PI	Input the power amp.		
4	PO-	Output the power amp.		
5	PO+	Output the power amp.		
6	VDD	Positive power supply pin.		
7	FSR	Frame synchronization, reception.		
8	DR	Recept the data.		
9	BCLKR	Recept the bit clock.		
10	PDI	Input the power down.		
11	MCLK	Master Clock pin.		
12	BCLKT	Transmit the bit clock.		
13	DT	Transmit the data.		
14	FST	Frame synchronization, transmission.		
15	Vss	Negative power supply pin.		
16	Mu/A	Select the Mu/A.		
17	TG	Transmit gain.		
18	TI-	Transmit the inputted analog.		
19	TI+	Transmit the inputted analog.		
20	VAG	Output the analog ground.		

4M ARAM IC DATA

Part No.: PQVID000035 (IC703)

1) D0 2) D1 3) WE 4) RAS	VSS(20) D3 (19) D2 (18) CAS(17)
(5) A9	OE (16)
6 A0	A8 (15)
⑦ A1	A7 (14)
8 A2	A6 (13)
9 A3	A5 (12)
10 vcc	A4 (11)

■Pin Description

Pin No.	Name	Description		
9	A0	Row and column address bits, Row address bits are latched in the chip by the RAS signal.		
10	A1	Column address bits are latched in by the CAS signal.		
11	A2			
12	A3			
14	A4			
15	A5			
16	A6			
17	A7			
18	A8			
5	A9			
4	RAS	Row address strobe.		
23	CAS	Column address strobe.		
3	WE	Write enable input which selects read or write mode.		
13	VCC	+5V supply.		
26	VSS	Ground.		
22	OE	Output enable.		
1	D1	Data inputs/outputs.		
2	D2			
24	D3			
25	D4			

TERMINAL GUIDE OF ICS, TRANSISTORS AND DIODES

		1	
	20 1 10 V PQVISC111815	16 1 PQVITEA1062	PQVITEA1081D PQVIBA8206
16	1 1 5 6	23	E C B 2SA1625
F PQVIMC5480D	PQVID000035	MN1280S	PQVT2N6517CA
D S G	BCE	Cathode	Anode
1010A 25K1309	2SD2137		MA4360 MA4180
de Anode 1SS119 PQVDMT. PQVDHZ3BLL	thode Catho		Cathode Anode
		1	•
	25 24 16 17 15 PQVISC77655 PQVIMC5480E PQVIMC5680E PQV	25 24 16 10 20 PQVISC77655V PQVISC111815 20 PQVISC77655V PQVISC111815 10 16 15 11 20 15 6 10 10 16 15 11 10 16 11 10 16 15 11 10 16 15 11 10 16 15 11 10 16 15 11 10 16 15 11 10 16 15 11 10 16 15 11 10 16 15 11 10 16 15 11 10 16 15 11 10 16 15 11 10 16 15 11 10 16 15 11 10 10 16 15 11 10 16 15 11 10 10 16 15 11 10 10 16 15 11 10 10 16 15 11 10 10 10 16 15 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	25 24 16 17 1 20 1 10 16 15 11

ADJUSTMENT

Perform the following adjustment after replacing IC301 and VR301.

Test Equipment:

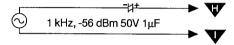
Loop Simulator RC Oscillator VTVM

Preparation:

- Set the unit's controls as follows:
 A. SP-PHONE SWITCH..."ON"
 B. VOLUME CONTROL..."MAX"
- 2. Set the variable resistor of the loop simulator to maximum resistance (fully counterclockwise).
- 3. Connect the unit to the Loop Simulator.
- 4. Make adjustment in a quiet room.

Transmission Level Adjustment (for Speakerphon

- 1. Connect the Test Point \(\bar{\psi}_{-} \)
- 2. Set the Loop Simulator selector switch to "TX".
- 3. Connect the RC Oscillator to Test Point ▼(-) - ▼(+), and connect an electrolytic capacitor (50V, 1µF)as show below.
- 4. Set RC Oscillator to 1kHz, 56 dBm.



- 5. Connect the VTVM to test point Ψ Ψ .
- 6. Adjust VR301 for a reading of 26 dBm \pm 0.5 dB on the VTVM.
- 7. Disconnect the test point \(\bar{\psi} \bar{\psi} \).

Please refer to Circuit Board and wiring Connection Diagram which is located test point ().

Schematic Diagram of Loop Simulator

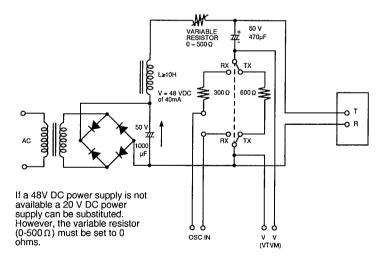
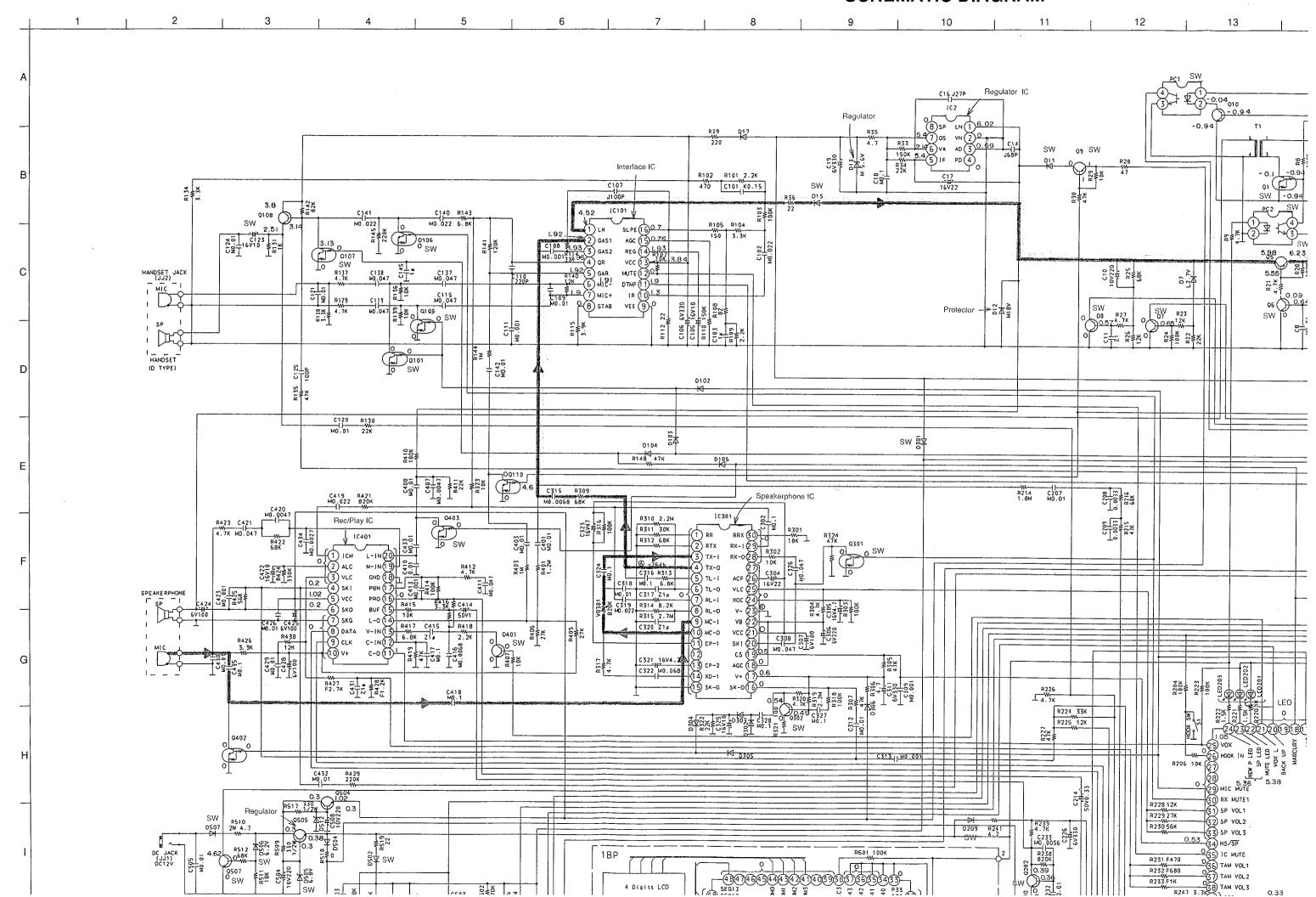
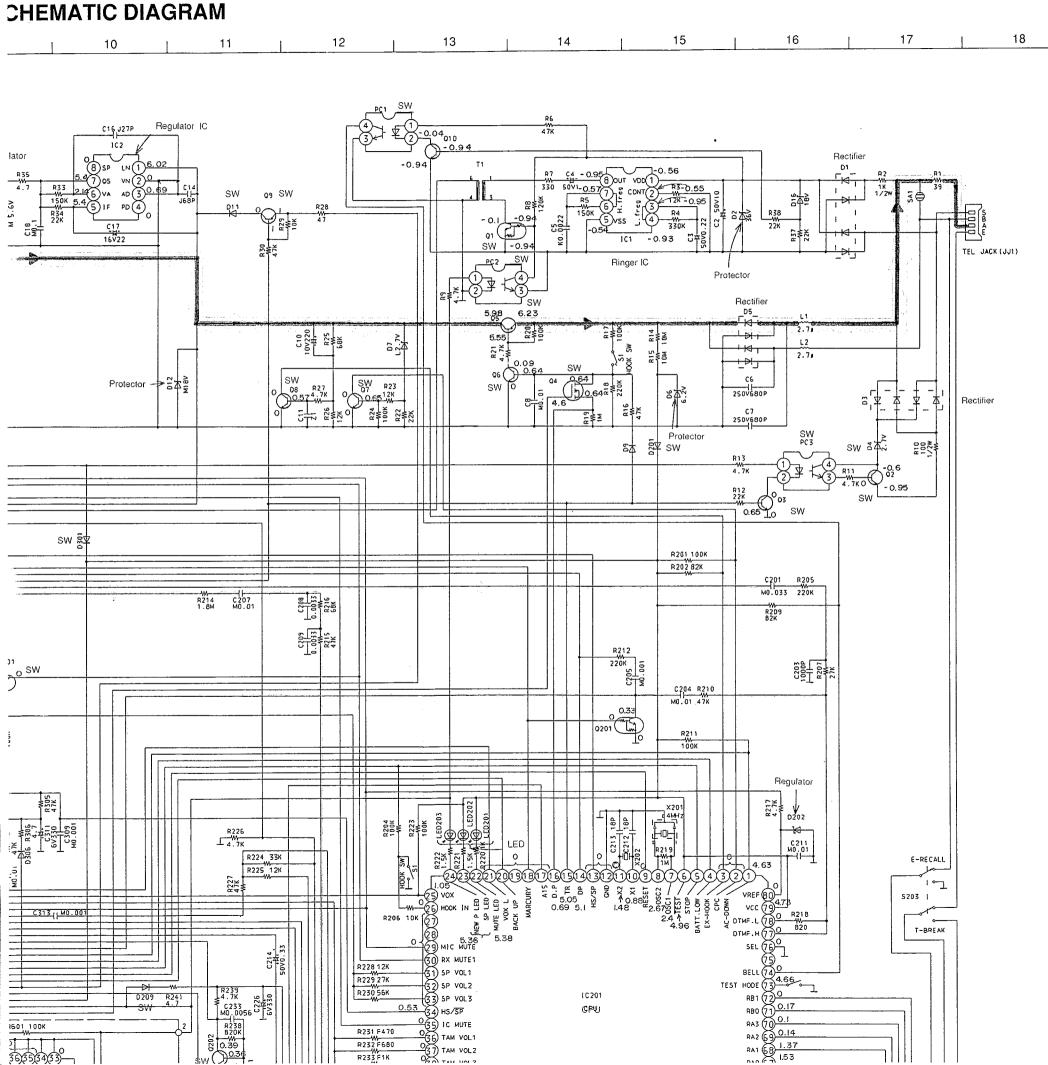


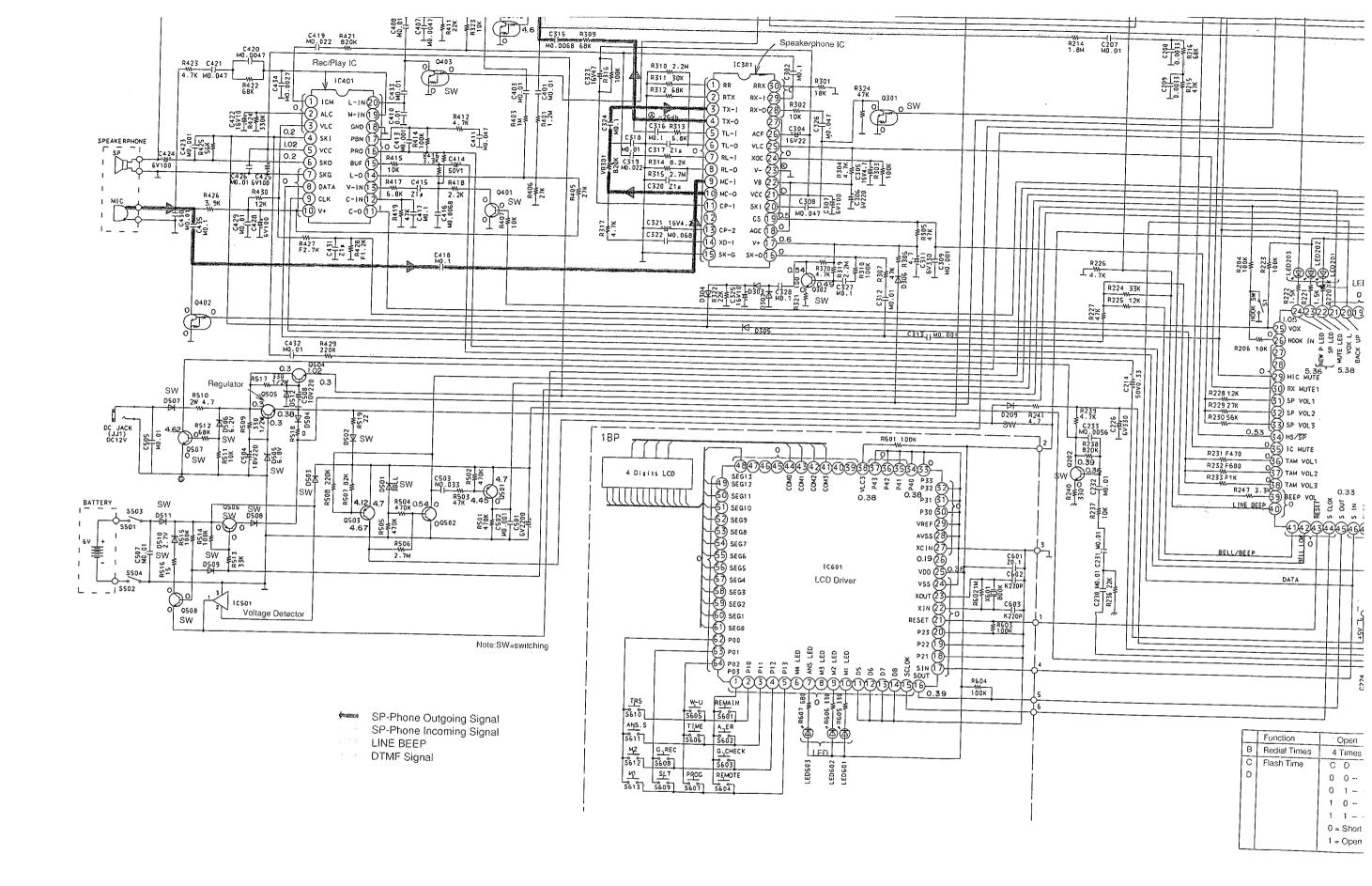
Fig. 9

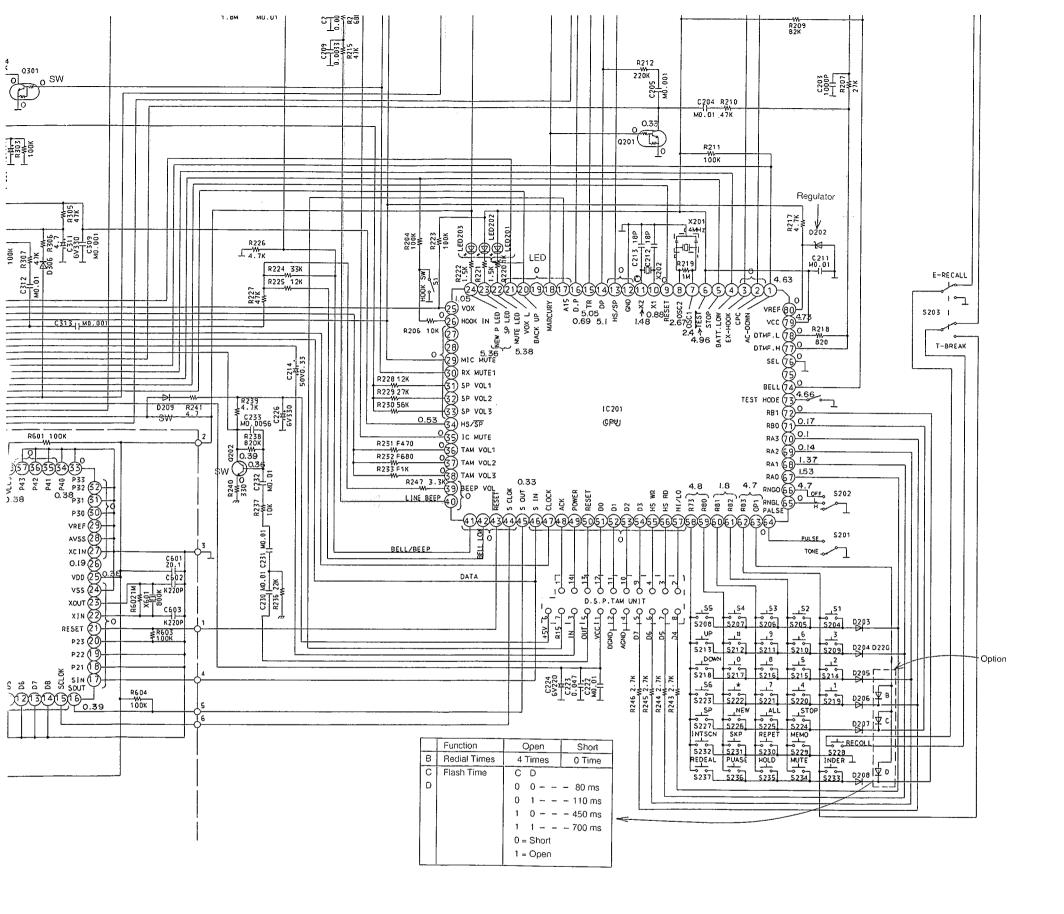
SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM





R233 F1K



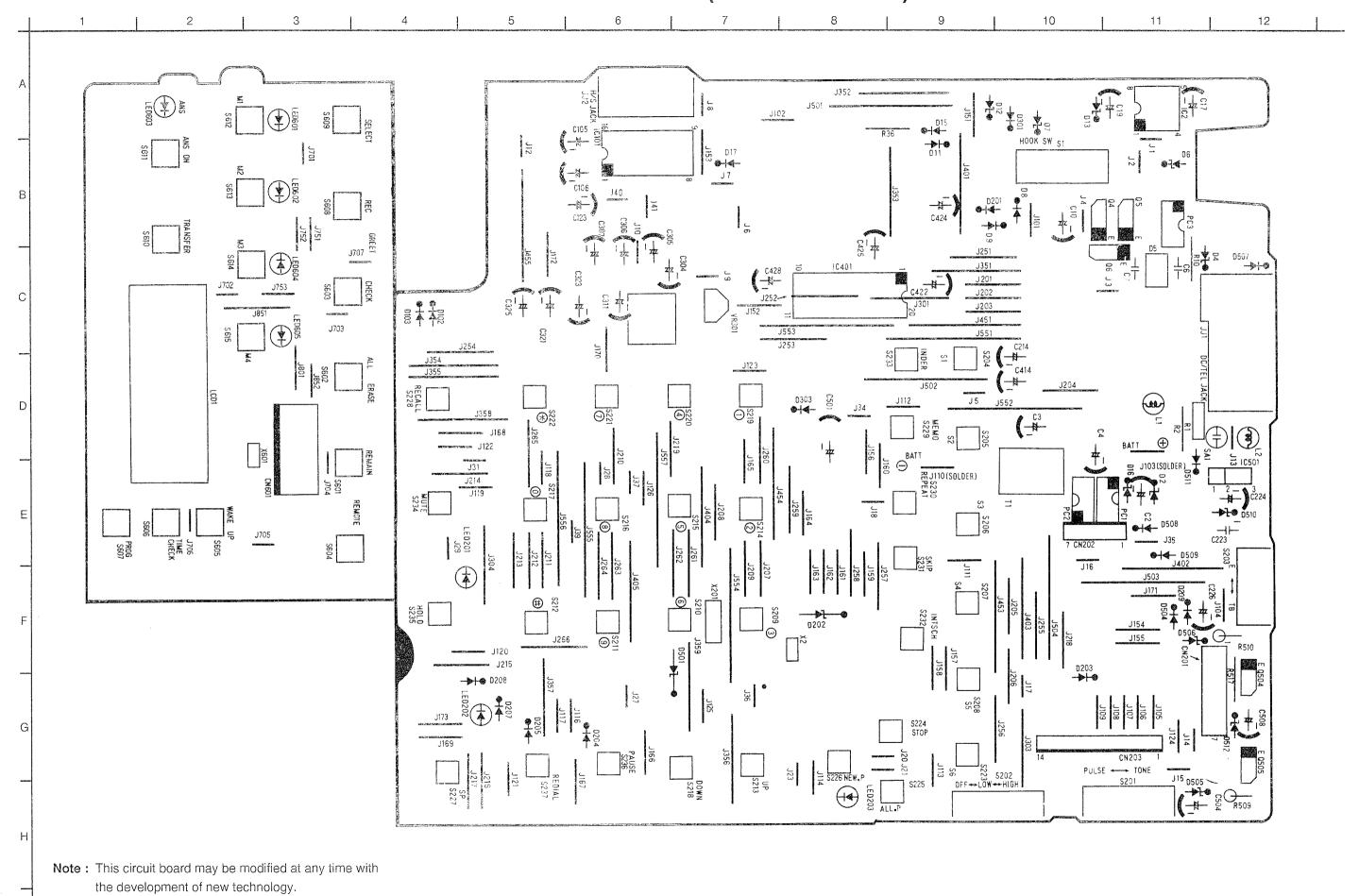


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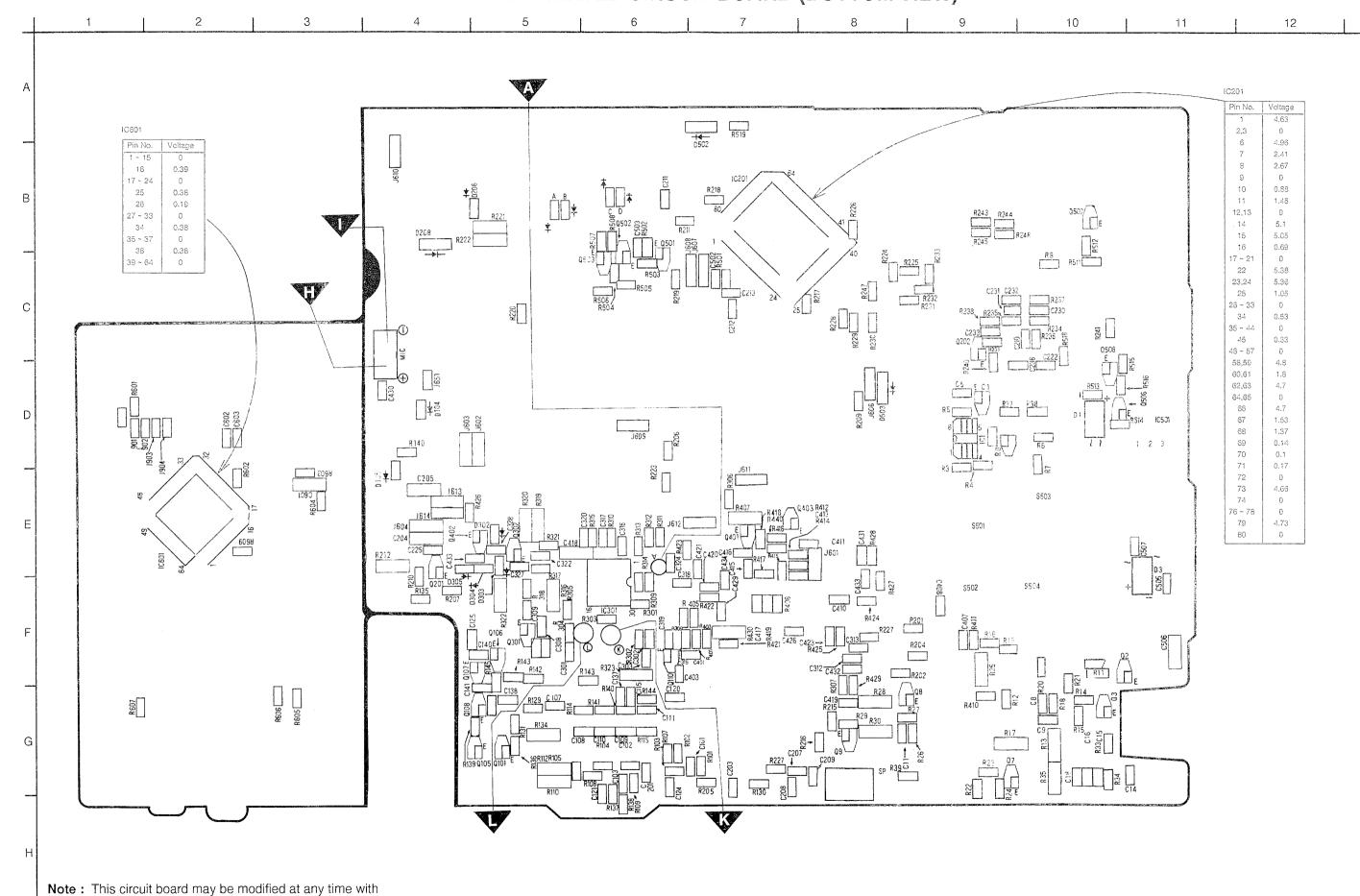
KX-T2886E

MAIN PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD (COMPONENT VIEW)



KX-T2886E KX-T2886E

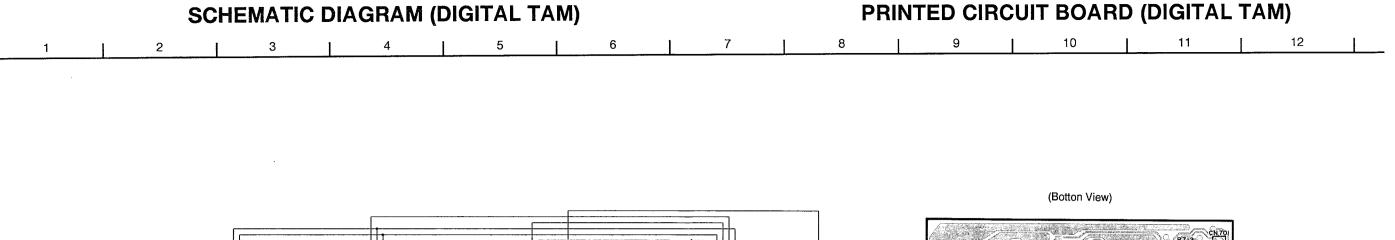
MAIN PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD (BOTTOM VIEW)



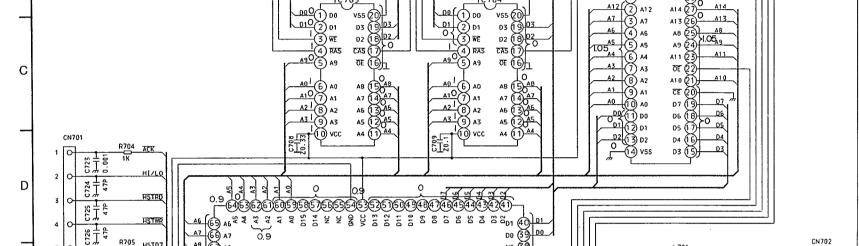
- 31 -

the development of new technology.

PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD (DIGITAL TAM)



O 6 +5V



IC701

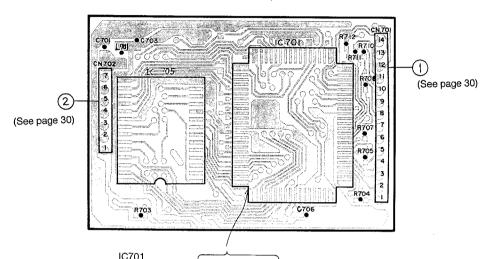
DRAMW (35

CAS2 (33)

CAS1 (30)

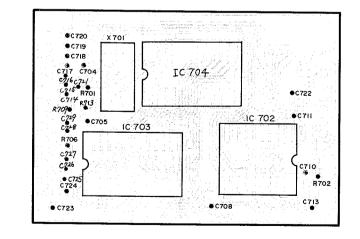
CASO (29)

CAS3 (34) O



IC701				
Pin No.	Voltage	Pin No.	Voltage	
1 ~ 6	0	61, 62	0.9	
7	0.4	63	0	
8 ~ 52	0	64	0.9	
53	0.9	65 ~ 80	0	
54 ~ 60	0	L		

(Component View)



Note: This circuit board may be modified at any time with the development of new technology.

R707 HST05

220 R708

220 220 8709 H5TD3 6 R710 H5TD2

9 1 5 220 27 8 R711 HSTD1

220 F 7 8 8712 HSTDO

BLOCK DIAGRAM

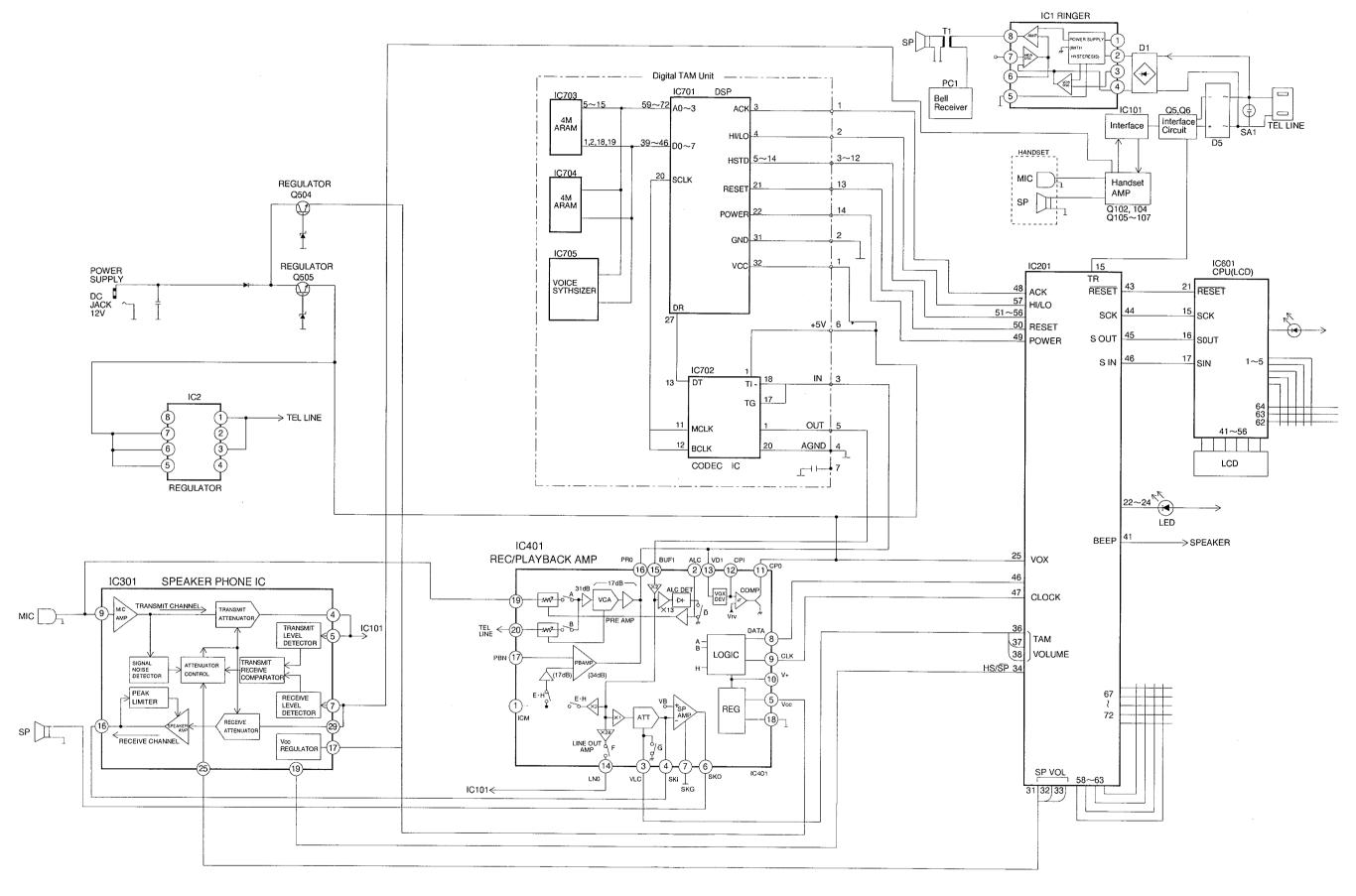


Fig.10

FOR SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

Notes:

- 1. S1: Hook switch.
- 2. S202: Ringer Mode Selector switch.
- 3. S203: Dialing Mode Selector switch.
- 4. S204: Memory Station switch.

~208

- 5. S209: Dialing switch.
 - ~212
- 6. S213: Volume switch.
- 7. S214: Dialing switch.

~217

- 8. S218: Volume switch.
- 9. S219: Dialing switch. ~222
- 10. S223: Lower switch.
- 11. S224: Stop switch.
- 12. S225: All Message switch.
- 13. S226: New Message switch.
- 14. S227: SP- Phone switch.
- 15. S228: Individual Erase switch.
- 16. S229: MEMO/2WAY Record switch.
- 17. S230: Repeart switch.
- 18. S231: Skip switch.

- 19. S232: Scan switch.
- 20. S233: Recall switch.
- 21. S234: Mute switch.
- 22. S235: Hold switch.
- 23. S236: Pause switch.
- 24. S237: Redial switch.
- 25. DC voltage measurements are taken with electronic voltmeter from negative terminal of battery.

(Add 40 mA to telephone line from the loop simulator.)

- 26. This schematic diagram may be modified at any time with the development of new technology.
- 27. Important safety notice

Components identified by \triangle mark have special characteristics important for safety. When replacing any of these components, use only manufacturer's specified parts.











RINGER CIRCUIT

Unit is ON-Hook, so no line current flows. Ring signal is between line A and S. IC1 generates the ringing tone output to the speaker when no AC Adaptor is connected. With AC Adaptor connected, IC201 (CPU) controls the ringing signal to the speaker.

Ring Signal Line A and S → R1 → R2 → D1~D4 →

AC Adaptor connected (Pin 1 of PC2 is High and Q1 is OFF). Therefore bell input path is → R6 →

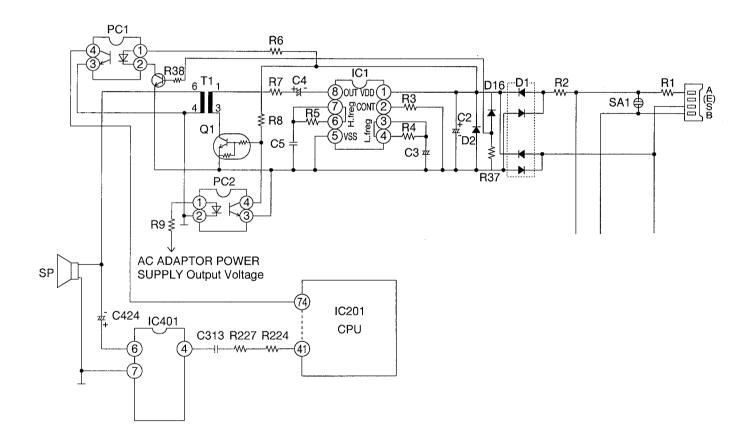
Pin 1 of PC1 is high level → Pin 4 of PC1 is high level → Pin 74 of IC201 is high level →

Pin 41 of IC201 → R224 → R227→ C313 → Pin 4 of IC401

Pin 6 of IC401 → C424 → Speaker.

AC Adaptor not connected (Pin 1 of PC2 is Low and Q1 is ON). Therefore bell input path is → Pin 1 of

IC1 \rightarrow Pin 8 of IC1 \rightarrow C4 \rightarrow R7 \rightarrow T1 Primary \rightarrow T1 Secondary \rightarrow Speaker.



INTERFACE CIRCUIT

The telephone line is seized by Q5 being switching on via the hook switch S1 being Off-Hook or by the Pin 15 of IC201(CPU) going high. IC101 is the telephone transmission interface IC for line signals and DTMF dialing.

•The DC current flow is thus:

Line A
$$\rightarrow$$
 R1 \rightarrow L1 \rightarrow D5 \rightarrow Emitter of Q5 \rightarrow Collector of Q5 \rightarrow D15 \rightarrow R36 \rightarrow Pin 1 of IC101 \rightarrow R112 \rightarrow D5 \rightarrow L2 \rightarrow Line B.

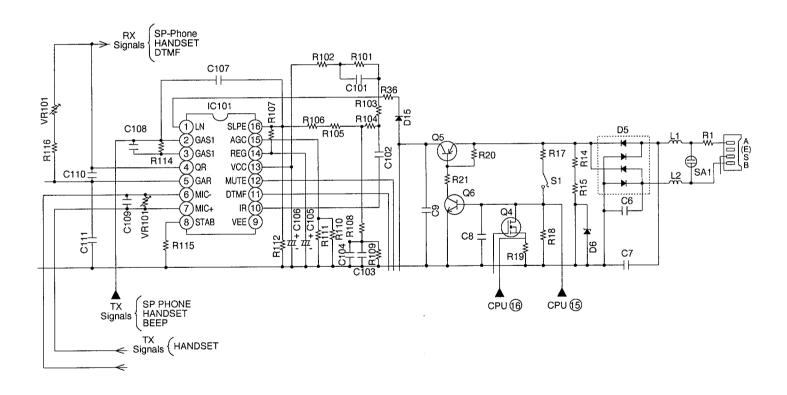
•The AC line signal in is:

Line A
$$\rightarrow$$
 R1 \rightarrow L1 \rightarrow D5 \rightarrow Emitter of Q5 \rightarrow Collector of Q5 \rightarrow D15 \rightarrow R36 \rightarrow R103 \rightarrow C102 \rightarrow Pin 10 of IC101 \rightarrow Pin 4 of IC101 \rightarrow (SP-PHONE, Handset, Detect the DTMF) Circuits.

•Handset signals sent to the line are input to MIC + Pin 7 and MIC-pin 6 of IC101.

SP phone, Beep TAM signals sent to the line are input GAS1 pin 2 of IC101. The AC signal loop out to the line is then as follow:

Pin 1 of IC101 \rightarrow R36 \rightarrow D15 \rightarrow Collector of Q5 \rightarrow Emitter of Q5 \rightarrow D5 \rightarrow L1 \rightarrow R1 \rightarrow Telephone Line



TONE DIAL CIRCUIT

Function:

The tone dialing circuit consists of a DTMF (Dual Tone Multi Frequency) signals generator (outputted from Pins 77 and 78 of the microprocessor) for tone dialing, and also a circuit for outputting the signal to the line.

The DTMF circuit identifies inputs from the 12 keys (1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,0,* and #) by means of a total of seven frequencies, that is four low frequencies (Low group) and three high frequencies (High group).

Circuit Description:

When a dial key is pressed, a DTMF signal is outputted from pins 77 and 78 of IC201 as an analog synthetic wave. The signal flow to the line is as follows:

IC101 is the line interface IC that provides signal amplification. In tone dialing mode, Pin 12 of IC101 "mute" input is High-Allowing-DTMF-signal to the line as follows: Pins 77 and 78 of IC201 \rightarrow R218 \rightarrow R207 \rightarrow R205 \rightarrow C201 \rightarrow Pin 11 of IC101 \rightarrow Pin 1 of IC101Telephone Line.

The DTMF is also output as a monitor tone to the user when the key is pressed:

•Handset Monitoring \rightarrow DTMF input to pin 11 of IC101 \rightarrow Pin 4 of IC101 \rightarrow R143 \rightarrow C140 \rightarrow C141 \rightarrow Base of Q108 \rightarrow Emitter of Q108 \rightarrow C123.

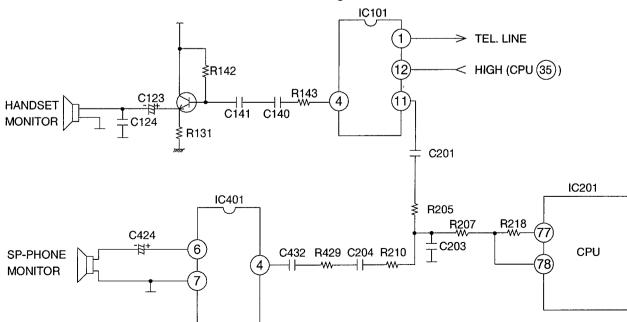
→ Handset Speaker

•SP-Phone Monitoring \rightarrow Pins 77 and 78 of IC201 \rightarrow R218 \rightarrow R210 \rightarrow C204 \rightarrow R429 \rightarrow C432 \rightarrow Pin 4 of IC401 \rightarrow Pin 6 of IC401 \rightarrow C424 \rightarrow SP-Phone Speaker.

Tone Frequencies

High			
Group	H1	H2	Н3
Group			
L1	1	2	3
L2	4	5	6
L3	7	8	9
L4	*	0	#

Low Group	Frequencies	High Group	Frequencies
L1	697Hz± 1.5%	H1	1209Hz± 1.5%
L2	770Hz± 1.5%	H2	1336Hz± 1.5%
L3	852Hz± 1.5%	Н3	1477Hz± 1.5%
L4	941Hz± 1.5%		



■ PULSE DIAL CIRCUIT

Circuit Operation:

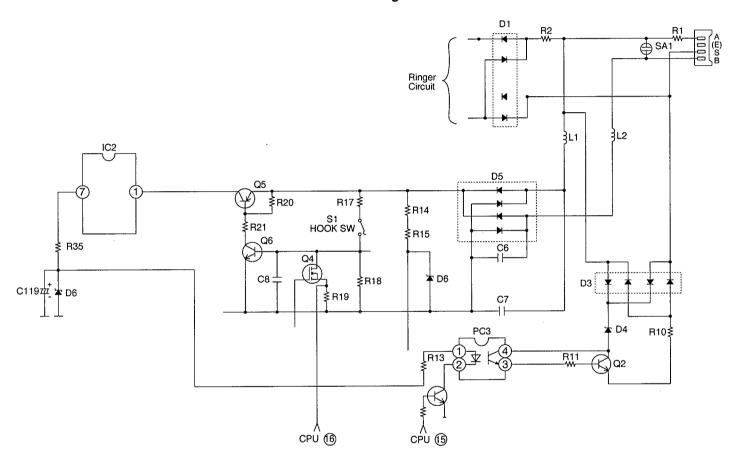
When Hook-switch S1 is ON (Off-Hook), the circuit is closed and current flows to the base of Q6 via diode bridge D5. Hence Q6 is ON and Q5 is ON. Q4, Q5 and Q6 are the pulse dial generating circuits, driven by the CPU as follows:

Pin 16 of IC201 is High \rightarrow Q4 is ON \rightarrow Q6 is OFF \rightarrow Q5 is OFF \rightarrow Break period.

Pin 16 of IC201 is Low \rightarrow Q4 is OFF \rightarrow Q6 is ON \rightarrow Q5 is ON \rightarrow Make period.

During switching transitions of the line pulses, voltage spikes could activate the ringer detect circuit via diode bridge D1. To prevent this condition a pulse spike limiter circuit is connected between line A and bell line S. Operation is as follows:

- Off-Hook state \rightarrow Pin 15 of IC2 is High \rightarrow Q3 is ON \rightarrow PC3 is ON \rightarrow Q2 is ON. If voltage spike on LA \rightarrow D3 \rightarrow D4 clamps spike to level below ringer detector level.
- On-Hook state \rightarrow Pin 7 of IC2 is Low \rightarrow PC3 is OFF \rightarrow Q3 is OFF \rightarrow Q2 is OFF. So pulse spike limiter circuit has no affect on incoming ring signal.



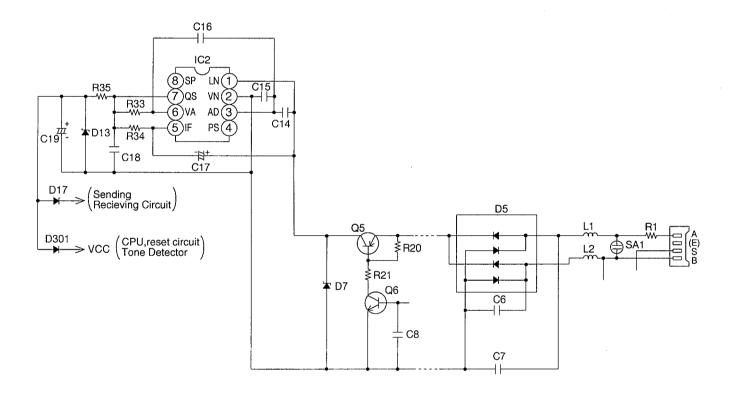
■ DC REGULAR CIRCUIT

Function:

This circuit provides 4~5V DC power supply to allow the unit to be operated as an ITS in the case of no AC Adaptor being connected. Therefore the use can operate the unit to answer/make telephone calls without any mains power supply.

Circuit Operation:

IC2 is a telephone line powered DC voltage regulator for peripheral circuit supply (Reset circuit, CPU, Sending, Recieving, Dialing circuit). Very high input impedance is provided to AC signals so no distortion of line signals occur. Line A \rightarrow R1 \rightarrow L1 \rightarrow D5 \rightarrow Emitter of Q5 \rightarrow Collector of Q5 \rightarrow Pin 1 of IC2 \rightarrow Pin 7 of IC1 \rightarrow R35 \rightarrow Peripheral Circuits.



■ TONE DETECTOR CIRCUIT AND VOICE DETECTOR CIRCUIT.

Function:

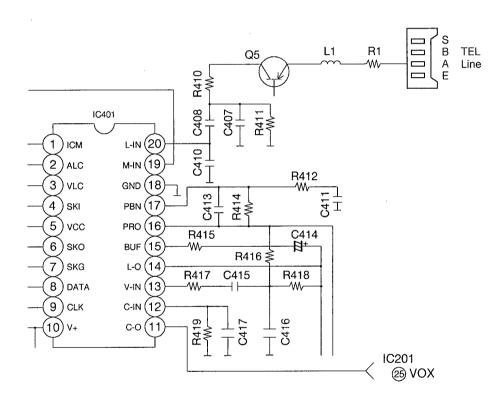
(TONE DETECTOR)

This circuit monitors the line in condition for a busy tone signal. It is used during automatic dialing operations ("1 station dialing" or "Transfer" functions or "Auto Redial"), to check if the dialled number is available. (VOICE DETECTOR)

This circuit detectors the end of Incoming message recording., And the unit releases the line.

Circuit Operation:

Line A \rightarrow R1 \rightarrow L1 \rightarrow Emitter of Q5 \rightarrow Collector of Q5 \rightarrow R410 \rightarrow C410 \rightarrow Pin 20 of IC401 \rightarrow Pin 15 of IC401 \rightarrow R416 \rightarrow C415 \rightarrow R417 \rightarrow IC401 detect the Tone signal \rightarrow Output the Data from Pin 11 of IC401 (no signal os high.) \rightarrow Pin 25 of IC201.



■ HANDSET CIRCUIT

Function:

This circuit is the signal interface between the telephone line.

Circuit Operation:

IC101 is the transmission interface IC that forms part of DC loop and AC signal loop. The IC is line powered with intend reference supply. Driven by the the IC201 as follows:
•Pin 35 of IC201 is Low.

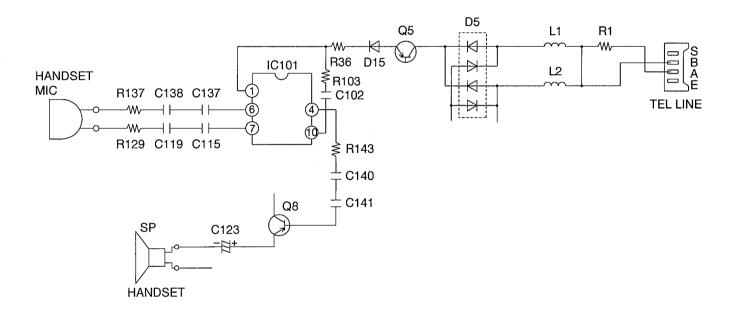
•For Handset sending the signal path is:

Handset MIC \rightarrow R129, R137 \rightarrow C119, C138 \rightarrow C115, C137 \rightarrow Pin 6 and Pin 7 of IC101 \rightarrow Pin 1 of IC101 \rightarrow R36 \rightarrow D15 \rightarrow Collector of Q5 \rightarrow D5 \rightarrow L1 \rightarrow R1 \rightarrow Tel line.

•For Handset receiving the signal path is:

Tel line
$$\rightarrow$$
 R1 \rightarrow L1 \rightarrow D5 \rightarrow Emitter of Q5 \rightarrow Collector of Q5 \rightarrow D15 \rightarrow R36 \rightarrow R103 \rightarrow C102 \rightarrow L2

Pin 10 of IC101 \rightarrow Pin 4 of IC101 \rightarrow R143 \rightarrow C140 \rightarrow C141 \rightarrow Base of Q108 \rightarrow Emitter of Q108 \rightarrow C123 \rightarrow Handset SP.



SPEAKERPHONE CIRCUIT

Function:

This circuit controls the automatic switching of the transmitted and received signals, to and from the telephone line, when the unit is used in the hands-free mode.

Circuit Operation:

The speakerphone can only provide a one-way communication path.

In other words, it can either transmit an outgoing signal or receive an incoming signal at a given time, but cannot do both simultaneously. Therefore, a switching circuit is necessary to control the flow of the outgoing and incoming signals.

This switching circuit is contained in IC301 and consists of a Voice Detector, Tx Attenuator, Rx Attenuator, Comparator and Attenuator Control. The circuit analyzes whether the Tx (transmit) or the Rx (receive) signal is louder, and then it processes the signals such that the louder signal is given precedence.

The Voice Detector provides a DC input to the Attenuator Control corresponding to the Tx signal.

The TX/RX Comparator receives a Tx and a Rx signal, and supplies a DC input to the Attenuator Control corresponding to the Rx signal. The Attenuator Control provides a control signal to the Tx and the Rx Attenuator to switch the appropriate signals on and off. The Attenuator Control also detects the level of the volume control to automatically adjust for changing ambient conditions. Speakerphone sending level is adjusted by VR301.

1) Transmission Signal Path

The input signal from the microphone is sent through the circuit via the following path:

• MIC \rightarrow C435 \rightarrow C418 \rightarrow Pin 9 of IC301 \rightarrow Pin 10 of IC301 \rightarrow VR301 \rightarrow C324 \rightarrow Pin 3 of IC301 \rightarrow Pin 4 of IC301 \rightarrow R309 \rightarrow C315 \rightarrow Pin 2 of IC101 \rightarrow Pin 1 of IC101 \rightarrow Telephone Line.

2) Reception signal Path

Signals received from the telephone line are outputted at the speaker via the following path:

```
• Telephone Line → Pin 10 of IC 101 → Pin 4 of IC101 → R323 → C302 → Pin 29 of IC301 →
Pin 28 of IC301 → R302 → C326 →C308 → Pin 20of IC301 → Pin 16 of IC301 → R307 → C312 → Pin 4 of IC401
→ Pin 6 of IC251 → C424 → Speaker.
```

3) Control Signal Path:

Control signals for transmission and reception are inputted to IC2 via the following path:

(Transmission Control Signal Path)

- •Mic \rightarrow Pin 9 of IC301 \rightarrow Pin 10 of IC301 \rightarrow Pin 3 of IC301 \rightarrow Pin 4 of IC301 \rightarrow C316 \rightarrow R313 \rightarrow Pin 5 of IC301. (Reception Control Signal Path)
- Telephone Line → Pin 4 of IC101 → R323 → C319 → R314 → Pin 7 of IC301.

4) Transmission/reception Switching

The comparison result between Tx and Rx outputs as a DC level of Pin 25 of IC301.

```
Tx level is high ...... Pin 25 = Pin 20 --- 6mV
Rx level is high ...... Pin 25 = Pin 20 --- 150mV
```

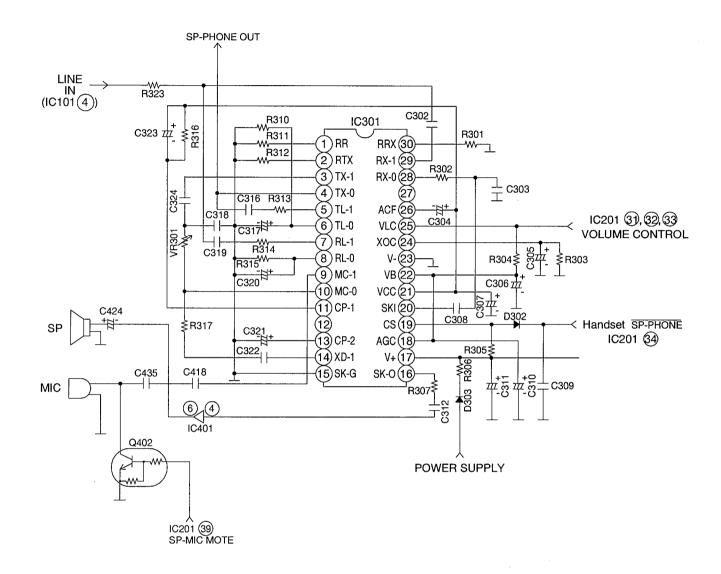
Comparator output is connected to the attenuator control inside of IC301.

5) Voice Detector

The output of the mic amp (Pin 10 of IC301) is supplied to Pin 14 of IC301 as a control signal for the voice detector.

6) Attenuator Control

The attenuator control detects the setting of the volume control through Pin 24 of IC301 to automatically adjust for changing ambient conditions.



POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT

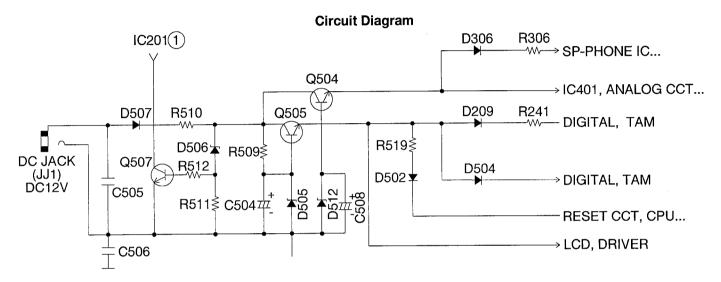
Function:

Power from the DC 12V AC Adaptor is regulated to provide two 6.2V system voltage supplies.

Circuit Operation:

Q504 and Q505 provide 6.2V regulated power supplies derived from D515, D512 6.8V reference diode. These supplies are then shifted to 5.6V by diodes D209, D505, D502 to supply CPU, IC's reset circuit etc.

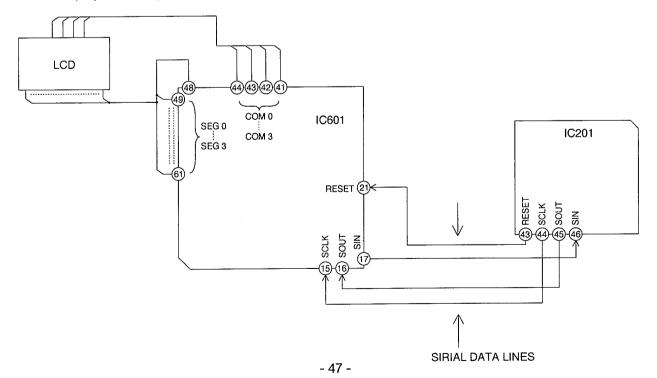
Q507 is turned on via zener diode D506 after connecting the AC Adaptor. Pin 1 of IC201 is then at a Low level indicating AC supply connected. Pin 1 of IC201 is Low when no AC Adaptor is connected.



LCD DRIVE CIRCUIT

Function:

In the mutual communication between CPU and LCD Driver, display data is transferred from CPU to LCD Driver IC. LCD Driver displays with outputting 4 common and 14 segment in the disposition of time sharing.



■ AUTO DISCONNECT CIRCUIT

Function:

This circuit detects that another telephone connected to the same telephone line has gone "Off-Hook" when the KX-T2886E unit is in "TAM Record/Play to line mode" or when the "Hold" key on the telephone is active. In both cases the auto-disconnect circuit will release the telephone line.

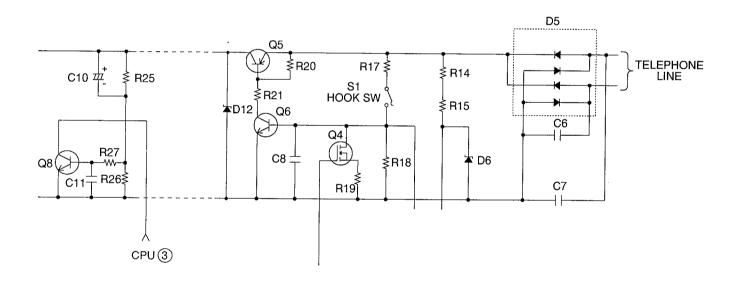
Circuit Operation:

When the unit is on line the circuit causes Pin 3 of IC201 input to be at a Low level by the following condition:

Line A
$$\rightarrow$$
 R1 \rightarrow L1 \rightarrow D5 \rightarrow Q5 \rightarrow R25 \rightarrow R27 \rightarrow Q8 ON \rightarrow Pin 3 of IC201 Low.

C10 is charged to maintain the base voltage of Q8 high to prevent any small charges in line voltage (not representative of a parallel connected telephone going off hook) affecting the circuit.

When the parallel telephone goes Off-Hook, DC voltage flow is decreased significantly to cause base of Q8 to go Low → Pin 3 of IC201 to go high.



■ CPC (Calling Party Control) CIRCUIT

Function:

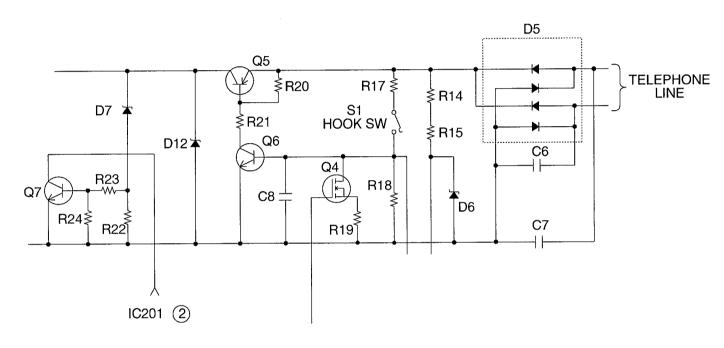
This circuit is designed to detect a CPC signal sometimes put into the telephone line by the telephone company when a caller hangs up. The signal is represented by a short break in the telephone line (order of mseconds duration). If a CPC signal is detected the TAM can more quickly release the telephone line.

Circuit Operation:

When line current is flowing, the CPC circuit causes Pin 2 of IC201 input to be a Low level.

Line A \rightarrow R1 \rightarrow L1 \rightarrow D5 \rightarrow Q5 \rightarrow D7 \rightarrow R23 \rightarrow Q7 ON \rightarrow Pin 2 of IC201 Low.

When a momentary break in line current occurs, Q7 turns Off and Pin 2 of IC201 receives a high level pulse.



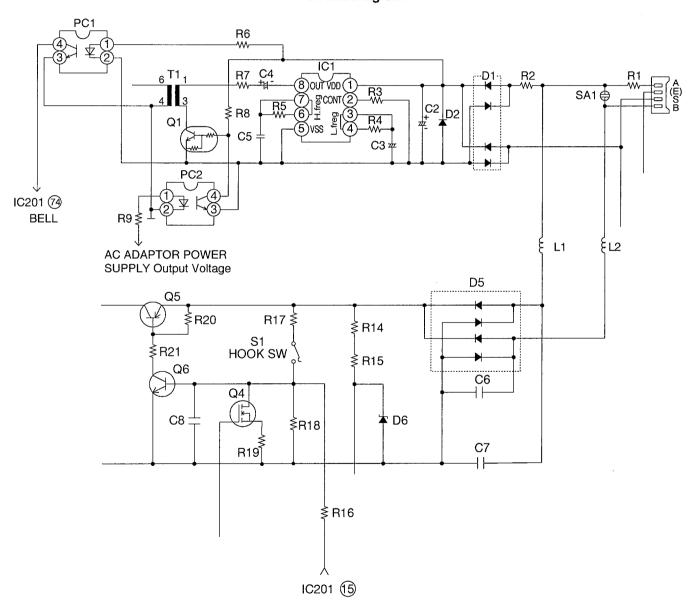
RING DETECTOR CIRCUIT

Function:

If the TAM has been set to "ANSWER ON" mode, the unit will automatically seize the line after 2 Rings.

Circuit Operation:

Please refer to "RINGER CIRCUIT" description for the case with AC Adaptor connected. Once Pin 74 of IC201 input has detected the connect number of ring signals, CPU output pin 15 goes high \rightarrow Q6 ON \rightarrow Q5 ON \rightarrow Line seized.



ALL DIGITAL TAM SYSTEM, CIRCUIT

The TAM system used in and "All Digital" type. That is all outgoing message (OGM) and incoming messages are stored and processed as digital data, rather than on a conventional cassette tape mechanism. TAM "front end telephone" interface and "Mic 1 speaker" circuits are shared with the ITS. The processing and storing of all TAM messages and signals is carried out by three essential blocks. Firstly a Codec IC is used to convent between analog speech signals (messages) and digital signals via built-in ADC and DAC's, using a PCM format.

Secondly, a "Digital Signal Processing" (DSP) IC is used to provide speech compression, telephone line signal processing, memory management, and all the necessary TAM functions are programed into the IC. The main CPU IC201 interfaces with the DSP IC to control all functions.

Thirdly a 4M bite ARAM IC (Audio grade DRAM) is used to store all recorded messages. This provides storage for 15~17 minutes of total recording time.

Circuit Diagram

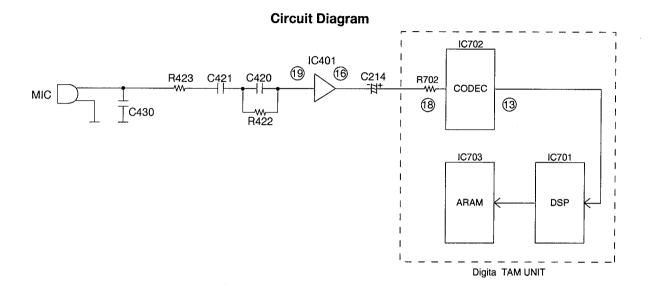
TAM UNIT IC701 DSP IC702 CODEC IC703 ARAM Address Bus DAC SENAL digital data Lines ANALOG DATA Bus ADC SIGNALS CONTROL CONROL CONROL $\Pi\Pi$

IC201 CPU

■ MICROPHONE- IN CIRCUIT

Circuit Operation:

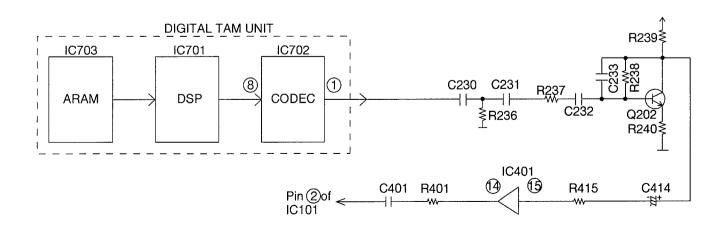
MIC \rightarrow R423 \rightarrow C421 \rightarrow R422, C420 \rightarrow Pin 19 of IC401 \rightarrow Pin 16 of IC401 \rightarrow C214 \rightarrow R702 \rightarrow Pin 18 of IC702 \rightarrow Pin 13 of IC702 \rightarrow IC701 \rightarrow IC703



LINE OUTPUT (OGM PLAYBACK) CIRCUIT

Circuit Operation:

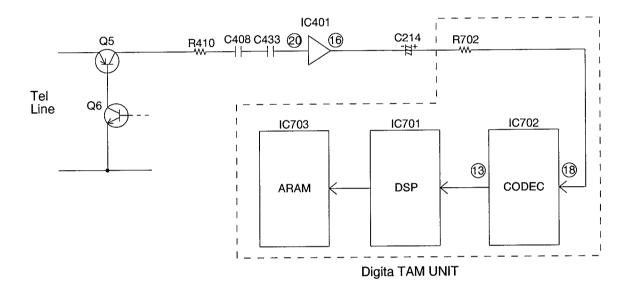
IC703 \rightarrow IC701 \rightarrow Pin 8 of IC702 \rightarrow Pin 1 of IC702 \rightarrow C230 \rightarrow C231 \rightarrow R237 \rightarrow C232 \rightarrow Base of Q202 \rightarrow Collector of Q202 \rightarrow C414 \rightarrow R415 \rightarrow Pin 15 of IC401 \rightarrow Pin 14 of IC401 \rightarrow R401 \rightarrow C401 \rightarrow IC101 Line Interface \rightarrow Telephone Line.



LINE IN (ICM RECORDING) CIRCUIT

Circuit Operation:

Telephone Line \rightarrow R1 \rightarrow L1 \rightarrow D5 \rightarrow Q5 \rightarrow R410 \rightarrow C408 \rightarrow C433 \rightarrow Pin 20 of IC401 \rightarrow Pin 16 of IC401 \rightarrow C214 \rightarrow R702 \rightarrow Pin 18 of IC702 \rightarrow Pin 13 of IC702 \rightarrow IC701 \rightarrow IC703.



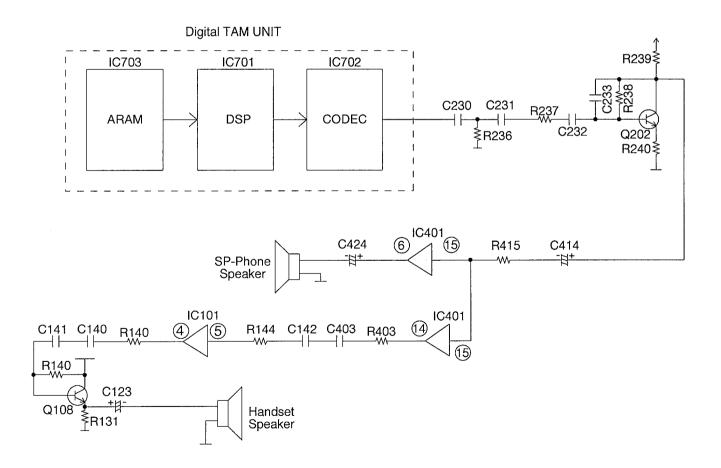
■ SPEAKER OUT (ICM PLAYBACK) CIRCUIT

Function:

Recorded messages can be played back through the loud speaker or through the telephone handset.

Circuit Operation:

IC703
$$\rightarrow$$
 IC701 \rightarrow Pin 8 of IC702 \rightarrow pin 1 of IC702 \rightarrow C230 \rightarrow C231 \rightarrow R237 \rightarrow C232 \rightarrow Base of Q202 \rightarrow Collector of Q204 \rightarrow C414 \rightarrow R415 \rightarrow Pin 15 of IC401 \rightarrow Pin 6 of IC401 \rightarrow C271 \rightarrow Speaker Pin 14 of IC401 \rightarrow R403 \rightarrow C403 \rightarrow C142 \rightarrow R144 \rightarrow Pin 5 of IC101 \rightarrow Pin 4 of IC101 \rightarrow R143 \rightarrow C140 \rightarrow C141 \rightarrow Base of Q108 \rightarrow Emitter of Q108 \rightarrow C123 \rightarrow Handset Speaker



MEMORY BACK-UP CIRCUIT

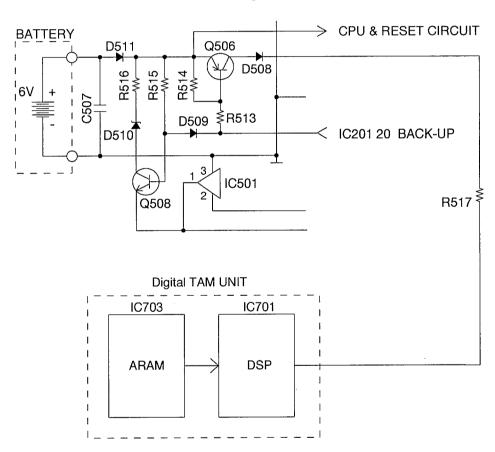
Function:

To provide a back-up power source for ARAM/DSP to maintain messages recorded, in the case when no AC Adaptor is connected.

Circuit Operation:

When no AC Adaptor is connected, the CPU is informed of this via Pin 1 of IC201 being High. Therefore Pin 20 of IC201 "Battery Back-up" request, goes Low turning Q506 ON providing Back-up.

Battery → D511 → Emitter of Q506 → Collector of Q506 → D508 → L701 → Pins 19, 32, 53 and 73 of IC701-DSP → Pin 10 of IC703-ARAM



BATTERY LOW DETECT CIRCUIT

Function:

In the case when AC Adaptor is connected if no batteries installed, or if should the battery terminal voltage fall to a Low level that they must be replaced the user is alerted by the LCD displaying LOW Installing new batteries will ensure the recorded messages are saved in the event of an AC Adaptor power fail.

Circuit Operation:

IC501 is a voltage comparator. It is connected to the battery via D511. When its input Pin 2 of IC501 is > 4.2V, its output Pin 1 of IC501 is High when input Pin 2 of IC501 $< 4.2V \rightarrow$ Pin 1 of IC501 is Low, which is input to the CPU "Battery Low" Pin 4 of IC201.

When AC Adaptor power is interrupted and the "Battery Low" is active, Q506 and Q508 is turned on by Pin 20 of IC201 to load the battery with D510/R516. This prevents the battery accidentally resetting the CPU when the battery voltage is falling.

Circuit Diagram BATTERY D511 Q506 D508 D509 ₹R513 Circuit Diagram IC201 ② IC201 ④ BATTERY LOW

■ INITIALIZING/RESET CIRCUIT

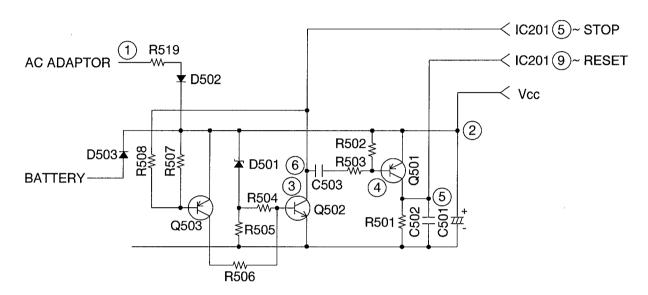
Function:

Used to initialize the CPU when an AC Adaptor is connected or power from telephone line or battery connected.

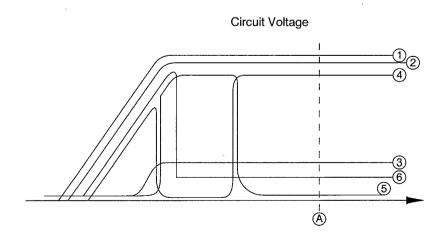
Circuit Operation:

When AC Adaptor is connected the DC voltage is shifted by D502, R519 and power is supplied to the CPU as follows.

Circuit Diagram



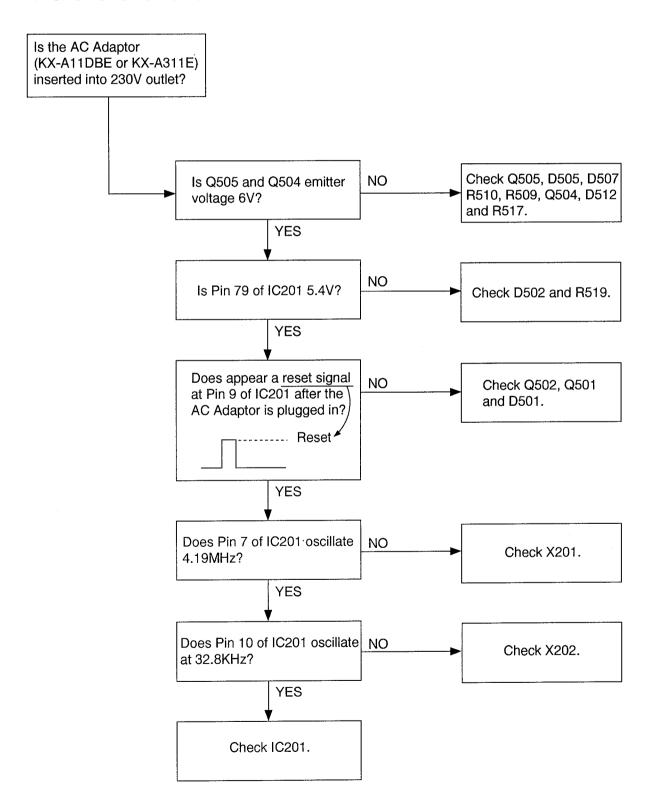
In the case when only battery power is available Q503 ensures that the reset circuit operates correctly when the battery voltage falls below about 2.8V.



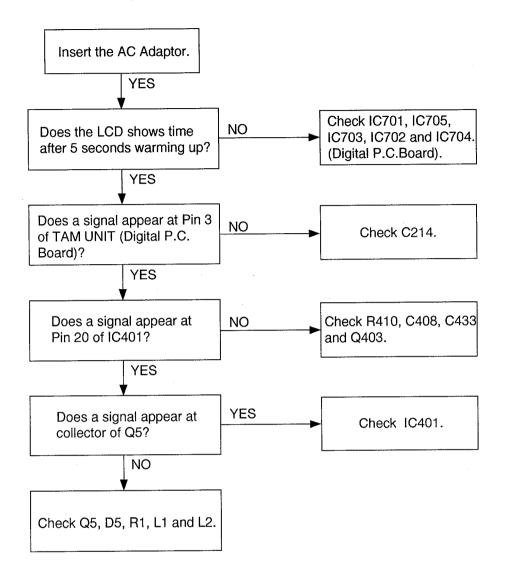
TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

(TAM Section)

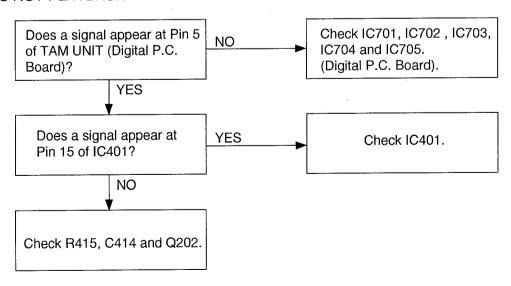
1. FUNCTIONS DO NOT OPERATE.



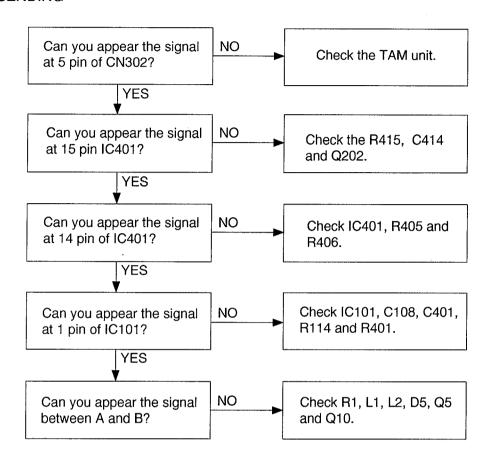
2. DOES NOT RECORD (From Tel Line)



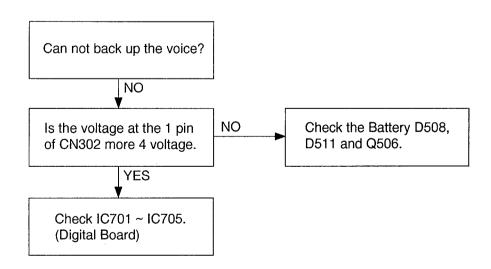
3. DOES NOT PLAYBACK



4. OGM SENDING



5. VOICE BACK UP



6. END OF MESSAGE IS CLIPPED WHEN CALLER HANG UP

When caller hangs up, the KX-T2886E can detect the following 4 signal type.

- A. CPC pulse.
- B. Dial tone or other continuous tones.
- C. Silence
- D. Cycle signals.

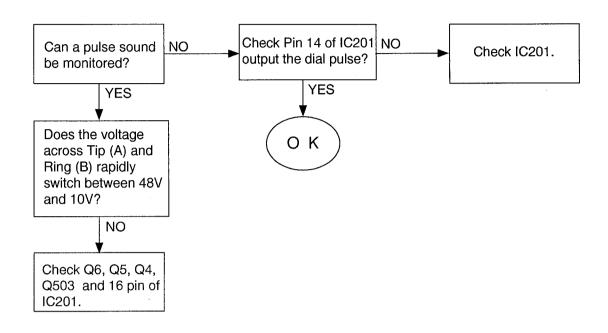
A. Check CPC DETECTOR CIRCUIT (D7, Q7, R22, R23 and R24).

B., C., D

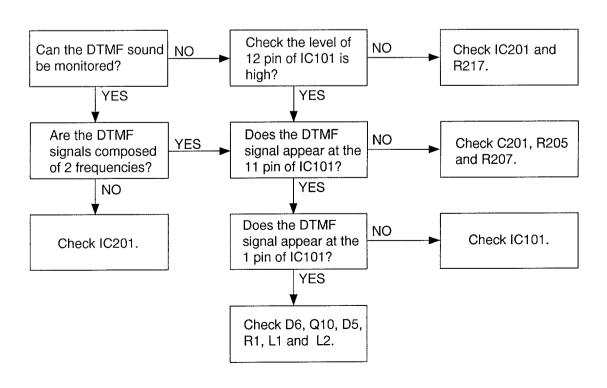
Check Extra Hook DETECTOR CIRCUIT(R25, R26, R27, C10, C11 and Q8).

(ITS Section)

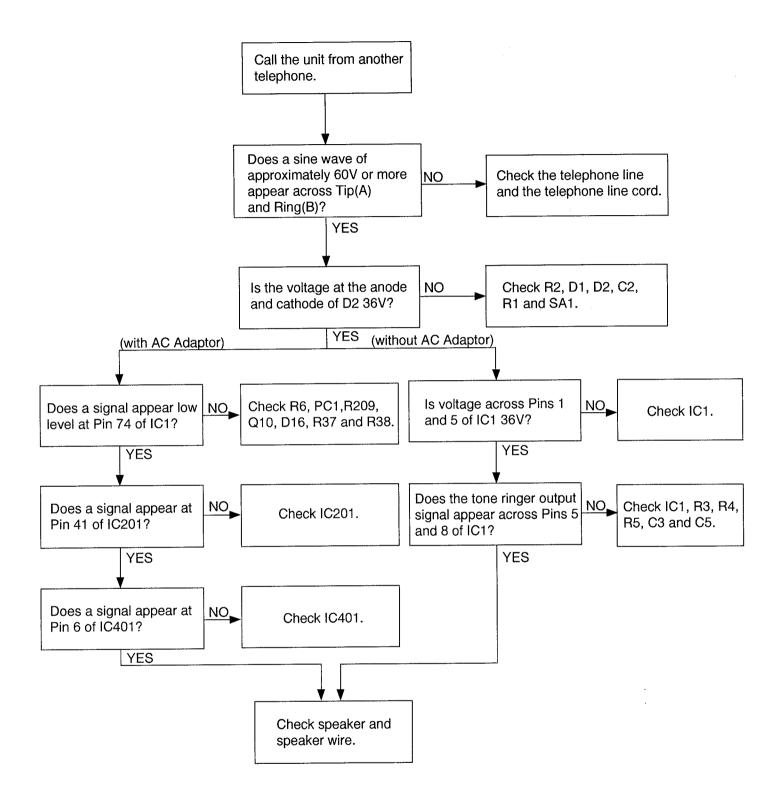
7. PULSE DIALING PROBLEMS



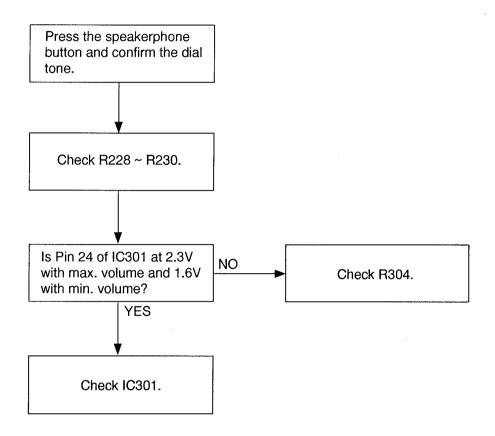
8. TONE DIALING PROBLEMS



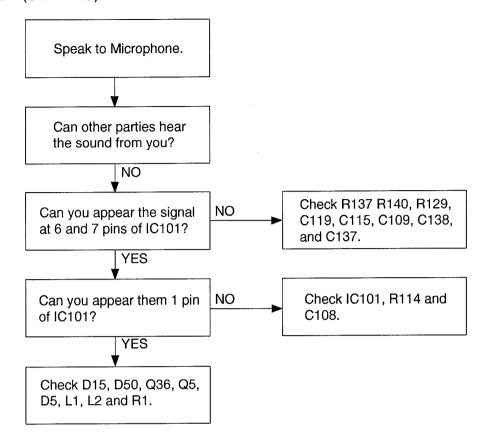
9. NO "RINGING" SOUND WHEN A RING SIGNAL IS INPUT



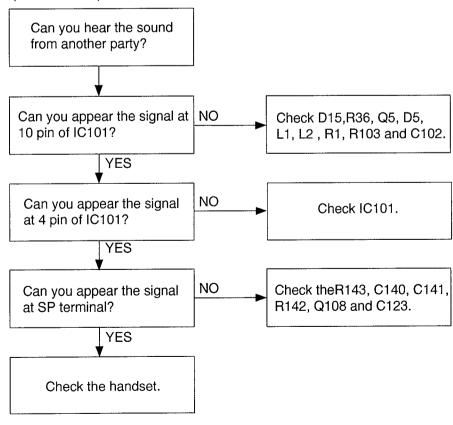
10. IF THE ELECTRONIC VPLUME OF THE SPEAKERPHONE DOES NOT WORK



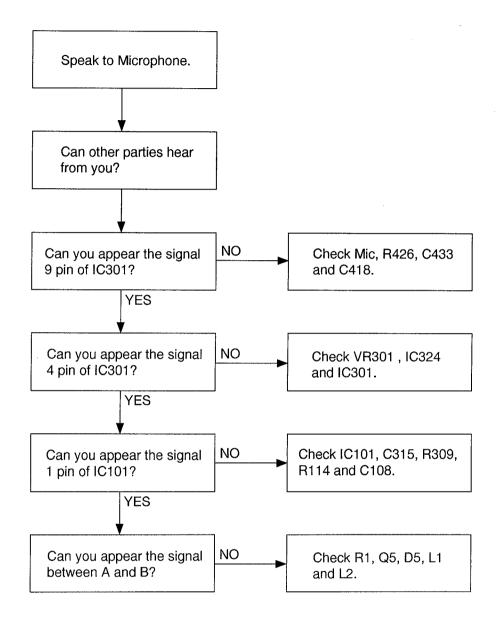
11. HANDSET (SENDING)



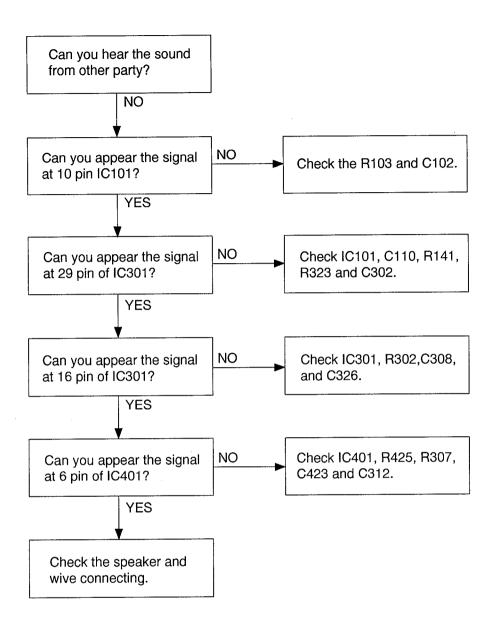
12. HANDSET (RECEIVING)



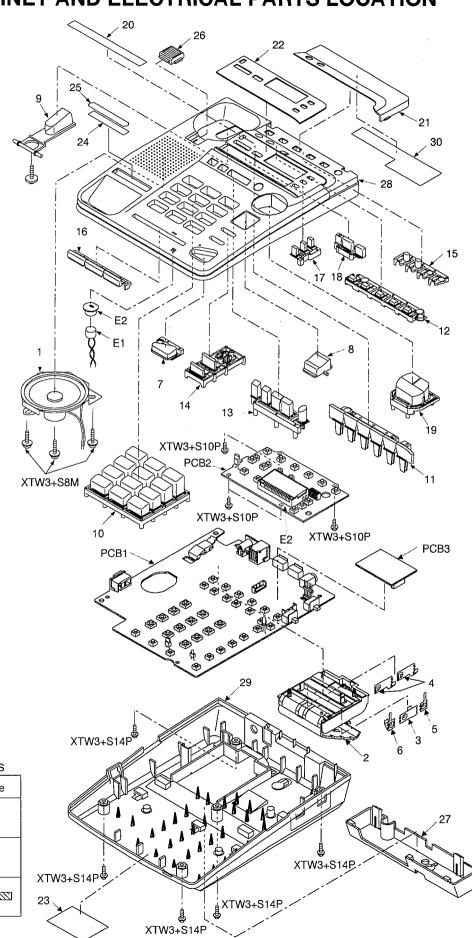
13. SP-PHONE (SENDING)



14. SP-PHONE (RECEIVING)



CABINET AND ELECTRICAL PARTS LOCATION



Actual Size of Screws

Part No.	Actual Size
XTW3+S10P	
XTW3+S8P	
XTW3+S14P	

Fig. 11 - 68 -

ACCESSORIES AND PACKING MATERIALS

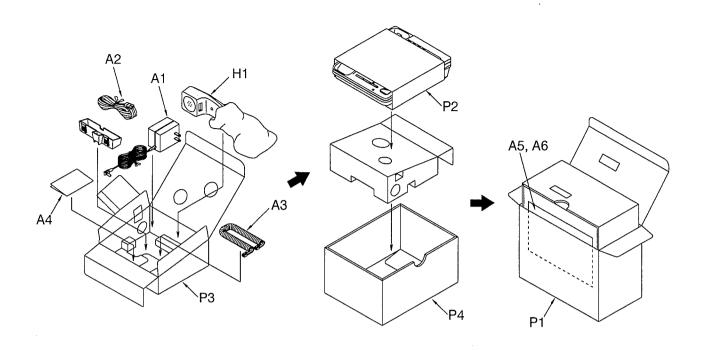


Fig. 12 **EXTENSION CABLE CONNECTING METHOD**

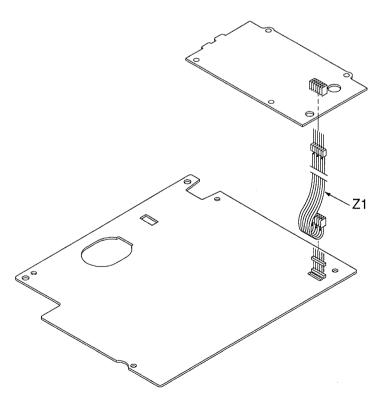


Fig. 13

REPLACEMENT PARTS LIST Model KX-T2886E Notes: 1. RTL (Retention Time Limited) The marking (RTL) indicates that the Retention Time is limited for this item. After the discontinuation of this assembly in production, the item will continue to be available for a specific period of time. The retention period of availability is dependent on the type of assembly, and in accordance with the laws governing part and product retention. After the end of this period, the assembly will no longer be available. 2. Important safety notice. Components identified by the A mark special characteristics important for safety. When replacing any of these components, use only manufacturer's specified parts. 3. The S mark indicates service standard parts and may differ from production parts. 4. RESISTORS & CAPACITORS Unless otherwise specified. All resistors are in ohms (Ω) K=1000 Ω , M=1000K Ω All capacitors are in MICRO FARADS (μF) P= $\mu \mu F$ *Type &Wattage of Resistor Type ERC:Solid ERX:Metal Film PQ4R:Carbon ERD:Carbon ERG:Metal Oxide ERS:Fusible Resistor PQRD:Carbon ER0:Metal Film ERF:Cement Resistor Wattage

10,16:1/8W	14,25:1/4\	N 12:1/2V	V 1:1W	2:2W 3:3W					
*Type & Voltage of Capacitor									
Туре									
ECFD:Semi-0	Conductor	ECCD,ECK	D,ECBT,PQCBC	: Ceramic					
ECQS:Styrol		ECQE,ECQ	V,ECQG : Polye	ster					
PQCUV:Chip		ECEA,ECS	Z : Electrolytic						
ECQMS:Mica	3	ECQP: Polypropylene							
Voltage									
ECQ Type	ECQG	ECSZ Type		Others					
	ECQV Type	<u> </u>							
1H: 50V	05: 50V	0F:3.15V	0J :6.3V	1V :35V					
2A:100V	1:100V	1A:10V	1A :10V	50,1H:50V					
2E:250V	2:200V	1V:35V	1C :16V	1J :63V					
2H:500V		0.1:6 3V	1F 25:25V	2A :100V					

Ref. No. Part No.		Part Name & Description	Pcs/Set					
	CABINET & ELECTRICAL PARTS							
1	PQAS65P31Z	SPEAKER	1					
2	PQJB3003T	BATTERY CASE	1					
3	PQJC313Z	BATTERY TERMINAL, (+) (-)	1					
4	PQJC314Z	BATTERY TERMINAL, (+) (-)	2					
5	PQJC317Y	BATTERY TERMINAL, (+)	1					
6	PQJC318Y	BATTERY TERMINAL, (-)	1					
7	PQBC10110Z1	BUTTON, SP-PHONE	1					
8	PQBC10111Z1	BUTTON, VOLUME	1					
9	PQBH10016Z1	BUTTON, HOOK	1					
10	PQBX10163Z1	BUTTON, TONE/DIALING	1					
11	PQBX10164Z1	BUTTON, MEMORY STATION	1					
12	PQBX10165Z1	BUTTON, REMAIN TIME etc.	1					
13	PQBX10166Z1	BUTTON, INDIVIDUAL ERASE etc.	1					
14	PQBX10167Z1	BUTTON, PAUSE/REDIAL	1					
15	PQBX10168Y1	BUTTON, MAIL BOX	1					
16	PQBX10169Z1	BUTTON, HOLD etc.	1					
17	PQBX10170Z1	BUTTON, PROGRAM	1					
18	PQBX10175Z1	BUTTON, ANSWER ON	1					
19	PQBX10176Z1	BUTTON, STOP etc.	1					
20	PQGD10136Z	MEMORY CARD	1					
21	PQGK10014Y1	DOOR-LID	1					
22	PQGP10071X1	PANEL	1					
23	PQGT11509Z	NAME PLATE	1					
24	PQHP532U	TELEPHONE NUMBER CARD	1 1					

25 26 27 28 29	PQHR576Z PQKE10009Z5 PQKL41Z PQKM10117V1	TRANSPARENT PLATE HANDSET HANGER STAND	s	1 1	
27 28	PQKE10009Z5 PQKL41Z	HANDSET HANGER STAND	S		
28	B			1	
28	B				
29		UPPER CABINET	s	1	
	PQYF10049Q1	LOWER CABINET	s	1	
30	PQQT10692Z	INDICATION PLATE-LABEL		1	
	<u> </u>	ACCESSORIES			
A1	KX-A11DBEXE	AC ADAPTOR		1	Λ
A2	PQJA87T	TELEPHONE CORD		1	◮
A3	PQJA212N	HANDSET CORD		1	
A4	PQQW11216Z	DIAL CARD		1	
A5	PQQW11225Z	QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE		1	
A6	PQQX11277Z	INSTRUCTION BOOK	ı	1	
A7	PQZXXT2330M	WALL MOUNT KIT		1	
H1	PQJXD0204Z	HANDSET ASSEMBLY		1	
		PACKING MATERIALS			
P1	PQPK11288Z	GIFT BOX	_	1	
P2	PQPH10009Z	PACKING SHEET		1	
P3	PQPN10441Y	ACCESSORY BOX	l	1	
P4	PQPN10446Z	CUSHION	- 1	1	
		FIXTURE AND TOOL			
Z1	PQZZ6K16Z	EXTENSION CORD, 6 PIN		1	
Note: 1. PQ2	TZZ6K16Z is useful	I for servicing. (They make servicing	ea:	sy.)	
			l		
			İ		
			ĺ		
	1				
			[

Pcs/Set

Part Name & Description

Ref. No.

Part No.

Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Pcs/Set	Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Pcs/Set
	MAIN	PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD PARTS			PO//PO475 :054	(DIODES)	1
				D 1	PQVDS1ZB40F1	DIODE(SI)	
PCB1	PQWP1T2886EU	MAIN, P. C. BOARD ASSEMBLY (RTL)	1 1	D 2	MA4360	DIODE(SI) DIODE(SI)	
i			1 1	D 3	PQVDS1ZB40F1	DIODE(SI)	
1			1	D 4 D 5	PQVDHZS3A1 PQVDS1YB40F1	DIODE(SI)	1
					MA4062	DIODE(SI)	1 1
		400	1	D 6 D 7	PQVDHZS3A1	DIODE(SI)	1
l., ,	DOI 11D 4 2000F	(ICS)	1 1	D 9	1SS119	DIODE(SI)	
IC 1	PQVIBA8206F	IC IC		D11	1SS119	DIODE(SI)	i
IC 2	PQVITEA1081D	IC		D12	MA4180	DIODE(SI)	1 1
IC101	PQVITEA1062	IC IC		D13	MA4056	DIODE(SI)	1 1
IC201	PQVI4639RA20	IC IC	1 ; 1	D15	1SS119	DIODE(SI)	1
IC301	PQVISC77655V PQVISC111815	IC		D16	MA4180	DIODE(SI)	1
IC401	MN1280S	IC	1 1	D17	1SS119	DIODE(SI)	1 1
IC501	MIN 12805		'	D102	1SS119	DIODE(SI)	1 1
			1 1	D103	1SS119	DIODE(SI)	1 1
1			1 1	D104	MA110	DIODE(SI)	1 1
1			1 1	D105	MA110	DIODE(SI)] 1
				D201	188119	DIODE(SI)	1 1
		(TRANSISTORS)	1	D202	PQVDHZ2CLL01	DIODE(SI)	1
101	PQVTFB1J3P	TRANSISTORS)	1	D203	1SS119	DIODE(SI)	1
Q 1		TRANSISTOR(SI)	1 1	D204	1SS119	DIODE(SI)	1 1
Q 2	2SD1819A	1 ' '	1 ' 1	D205	1SS119	DIODE(SI)	1 1
	00040404	[or 2SC4155S or 2SC4081S]	1 1	D206	MA110	DIODE(SI)	1
Q 3	2SD1819A	TRANSISTOR(SI) [or 2SC4155S or 2SC4081S]	1 ' 1	D207	1SS119	DIODE(SI)	1 1
	00141000	The state of the s	1 1	D207	RLS71	DIODE(SI)	1
Q 4	2SK1398	TRANSISTOR(SI) TRANSISTOR(SI) [or 2SA1776Q	1 1	D209	MA723	DIODE(SI)	1 1
Q 5	2SA1625	or 2SB1488P or 2SB1488Q]	'	D220	MA110	DIODE(SI)	1
Q 6	PQVT2N6517CA	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1 1	D301	1SS119	DIODE(SI)	1
Q 7	2SD1819A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1 1	D302	MA110	DIODE(SI)	1
I ^Q '	23010134	[or 2SC4155S or 2SC4081S]	'	D303	MA110	DIODE(SI)	1
Q 8	2SD1819A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1 1	D304	MA110	DIODE(SI)	1
G 0	23010134	[or 2SC4155S or 2SC4081S]	1 1	D305	MA110	DIODE(SI)	1 1
Q 9	2SB1218A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1 1	D306	1SS119	DIODE(SI)	1
\(\frac{1}{2}\)	23B1210A	[or 2SA1603S or 2SA1576S]		D501	PQVDHZ3BLL	DIODE(SI)	1
Q10	2SD1819A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1 1	D502	RLS71	DIODE(SI)	1
3,0	200101011	[or 2SC4155S or 2SC4081S]		D503	RLS71	DIODE(SI)	1
Q101	PQVTFB1A4M	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1	D504	188119	DIODE(SI)	1
Q105	PQVTFB1A4M	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1 1	D505	PQVDMTZ6R8	DIODE(SI)	1
Q106	PQVTFB1J3P	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1 1	D506	MA4062	DIODE(SI)	1
Q107	PQVTFB1J3P	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1 1	D507	PQVDS5688G	DIODE(SI)	1
Q108	2SD1819A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1	D508	1SS119	DIODE(SI)	1
٦		[or 2SC4155S or 2SC4081S]	1	D509	188119	DIODE(SI)	1
Q110	PQVTFB1A4M	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1 1	D510	PQVDHZS3A1	DIODE(SI) S	1
Q201	PQVTFB1J3P	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1	D511	1SS119	DIODE(SI)	1
Q202	2SD1819A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1 1	D512	PQVDMTZ6R8	DIODE(SI)	1
1		[or 2SC4155S or 2SC4081S]					1
Q301	PQVTFB1J3P	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1			(LEDS)	1
Q302	2SD1819A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1	LED201	LN268RPXTAB	DIODE(SI)	1
		[or 2SC4155S or 2SC4081S]		LED202	PQVDSEL4117R	DIODE(SI)	1
Q401	2SD1819A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1	LED203	LN21RCPHV	DIODE(SI)	1
""		[or 2SC4155S or 2SC4081S]			ļ		
Q402	PQVTFB1A4M	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1				1
Q403	PQVTFB1A4M	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1				
Q501	2SB1218A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1	1			1
		[or 2SA1603S or 2SA1576S]				(JACKS)	1
Q502	2SD1819A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1	JJ1	PQJJ2HB1Z	JACK, TELEPHONE LINE, DC IN	1
		[or 2SC4155S or 2SC4081S]		JJ2	PQJJ1TB10Z	JACK, HANDSET	1
Q503	2SB1218A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1				1
		[or 2SA1603S or 2SA1576S]					1
Q504	2SD2137	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1			1	1
Q505	2SD2137	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1				
Q506	2SB1218A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1				
1		[or 2SA1603S or 2SA1576S]					
Q507	2SD1819A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1			(CONNECTORS)	1
1	1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	[or 2SC4155S or 2SC4081S]	1	CN201	PQJP06A74Z	CONNECTOR, 6PIN	1
Q508	2SD1819A	TRANSISTOR(SI)	1	CN202	PQJP07A92Z	CONNECTOR, 7 PIN	1
1		[or 2SC4155S or 2SC4081S]		CN203	PQJP14A92Z	CONNECTOR, 14 PIN	1

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Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Pcs/Set	Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Pcs/Set
		(SWITCHES)				(OTHERS)	
S 1	ESE14A211	SWITCH, HOOK	1	SA1	PQVDDSS301L	VARISTOR	1 1
S201	PQSS2A36W	SWITCH, DIALING MODE Selector	1 1	T1	PQLT2D3A	TRANSFORMER	1 1
S202	PQSS3A26W	SWITCH, RINGER Selector	1 1	X201	PQVBT4.0G2	CERAMIC FILTER	1
S203	PQSS2B18W	SWITCH, RECALL Selector	1 1	X202	PQVCL3276N6Z	CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR	1
S204	EVQ21405R	SWITCH, MEMORY STATION	1 1	S501	PQJT10094Y	TERMINAL	1
S205	EVQ21405R	SWITCH, MEMORY STATION	1	S502	PQJT10094Y	TERMINAL	1
S206	EVQ21405R	SWITCH, MEMORY STATION	1	S503	PQJT10095Y	TERMINAL	1
\$207	EVQ21405R	SWITCH, MEMORY STATION	1 1	S504	PQJT10095Y	TERMINAL	1
S208	EVQ21405R	SWITCH, MEMORY STATION	1 1	E1	PQJM122Z	MICROPHONE	1 1
S209	EVQQJJ05Q	SWITCH, DIALING "3"		E2	PQMG10004Z	RUBBER, MICROPHONE COVER	;
S210	EVQQJJ05Q	SWITCH, DIALING "6"	1 1	1			'
S211	EVQQJJ05Q	SWITCH, DIALING "9"	1				
S212	EVQQJJ05Q	SWITCH, DIALING "#"					
S213	EVQ21405R	SWITCH, VOLUME		1			
S214	EVQQJJ05Q	SWITCH, DIALING "2"	1 1				
S215	EVQQJJ05Q	SWITCH, DIALING "5"					
S216	EVQQJJ05Q	SWITCH, DIALING "8"	1 1				
S217	EVQQJJ05Q	SWITCH, DIALING "0"					
S217	EVQQ3303Q EVQ21405R	1	1 1				
		SWITCH, VOLUME	1 1				
S219	EVQQJJ05Q	SWITCH, DIALING "1"	1 1			(550,07070)	
S220	EVQQJJ05Q	SWITCH, DIALING "4"	1	L .		(RESISTORS)	
S221	EVQQJJ05Q	SWITCH, DIALING "7"	1	R 1	PQRPAR390N	39	1 1
S222	EVQQJJ05Q	SWITCH, DIALING "*"	1	R 2	ERDS1TJ102	1K	1
S223	EVQ21405R	SWITCH, LOWER	1	R 3	PQ4R10XJ123	12K	1
S224	EVQ21405R	SWITCH, STOP	1	R 4	PQ4R10XJ334	330K	1
S225	EVQ21405R	SWITCH, ALL	1	R 5	PQ4R10XJ154	150K	1
S226	EVQ21405R	SWITCH, NEW MESSAGE	1	R 6	PQ4R10XJ473	47K	1
S227	EVQ21405R	SWITCH, SP-PHONE	1	R 7	PQ4R10XJ331	330	1
S228	EVQ21405R	SWITCH, INDIVIDUAL ERASE	1	R 8	PQ4R10XJ124	120K	1
S229	EVQ21405R	SWITCH, MEMO / 2WAY RECORD	1	R9	PQ4R10XJ472	4.7K	1
S230	EVQ21405R	SWITCH, REPEAT	1				
S231	EVQ21405R	SWITCH, SKIP	1	R 10	ERDS1TJ101	100	1
S232	EVQ21405R	SWITCH, SCAN	1	R 11	PQ4R10XJ472	4.7K	1 1
S233	EVQ21405R	SWITCH, RECALL	1	R 12	PQ4R10XJ223	22K	1
S234	EVQ21405R	SWITCH, MUTE	1	R 13	PQ4R18XJ472	4.7K	1
	EVQ21405R	SWITCH, HOLD	1	R 14	PQ4R10XJ106	10M	1 1
	EVQ21405R	SWITCH, PAUSE	1 1	R 15	PQ4R10XJ106	10M	1 1
S237	EVQ21405R	SWITCH, REDIAL	i i		PQ4R10XJ473	47K	1 1
	2142110011	5777 511, 7125 II 12			PQ4R18XJ104	100K	1
					PQ4R10XJ224	220K	1
					PQ4R10XJ105	1M	1
				R 20	PQ4R10XJ104	100K	1
1					PQ4R10XJ472	4.7K	i
					PQ4R10XJ223	22K	1 1
		(VARIABLE RESISTORS)		1	PQ4R10XJ123	12K	'
VR301	EVNDXAA03B24	VARIABLE RESISTORS) VARIABLE RESISTOR, 20kΩ	1		PQ4R10XJ104	100K	1 1
711001	- 110XAA00024	VILLABLE HEOROTON, 20032	'		PQ4R18XJ683	68K	1 1
					PQ4R10XJ123	12K	1 1
					PQ4R10XJ472	4.7K	1 1
			į		PQ4R10XJ472 PQ4R18XJ470	4./N 47	
							1
				R 29	PQ4R10XJ103	10K	1
					PQ4R18XJ473	47K	1
					Not Used		
		(PHOTO COUPLERS)			Not Used		
	PQVIPC817K	PHOTO ELECTRIC TRANSDUCER	1	R 33	PQ4R10XJ154	150K	1
PC2	PQVIPC817K	PHOTO ELECTRIC TRANSDUCER	1		PQ4R10XJ223	22K	1
PC3	PQVIPC817K	PHOTO ELECTRIC TRANSDUCER	1 [R 35	PQ4R18XJ4R7	4.7	1
			İ	R 36	ERD25TJ220	22	1
				R 37	PQ4R10XJ223	22K	1
i					PQ4R10XJ223	22K	1
						220	1
		(COILS)				ļ	
L1	PQLQXE272J	COIL	1				
L2	PQLQXE272J	COIL	1				
			' I				
]					1
L	<u> </u>			L			

Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Pcs/Set	Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Pcs/Set
R101	PQ4R10XJ222	2.2K	1	R228	PQ4R10XJ123	12K	1
R102	PQ4R10XJ471	470	1	R229	PQ4R10XJ273	27K	1
	PQ4R10XJ104	100K	1				
	PQ4R10XJ332	3.3K	1	R230	PQ4R10XJ563	56K	1
	PQ4R10XJ151	150	1	R231	PQ4R10XF4700	470	1
R106	Not Used			R232	PQ4R10XF6800	680	1
	PQ4R10XJ103	10K	1	R233	PQ4R10XF1001	100	1
	PQ4R10XJ820 PQ4R10XJ222	82	1	R234 R235	Not Used Not Used		
R109	PQ4HTUXJ222	2.2K		R236	PQ4R10XJ223	22K	1 1
R110	PQ4R18XJ154	150K	1	R237	PQ4R10XJ103	10K	1
R111	Not Used	10011		R238	PQ4R10XJ824	820K	1
	PQ4R18XJ220	22	1	R239	PQ4R10XJ472	4.7K	1
	Not Used						
R114	PQ4R10XJ333	33K	1	R240	PQ4R10XJ331	330	1
R115	PQ4R10XJ392	3.9K	1	R241	PQ4R10XJ4R7	4.7	1
				R242			
R129	PQ4R10XJ472	4.7K	1	R243	PQ4R10XJ272	2.7K	1 1
	DO (D) (2) (2) (2)			R244	PQ4R10XJ272	2.7K	1 1
	PQ4R10XJ223	22K	1	R245	PQ4R10XJ272	2.7K	1 1
R131	PQ4R10XJ102	1K	1	R246	PQ4R10XJ272	2.7K	1 1
	Not Used			R247	PQ4R10XJ332	3.3K	'
	Not Used PQ4R18XJ332	3.3K	1	R301	PQ4R10XJ183	18K	1
	PQ4R10XJ473	47K		R302	PQ4R10XJ103	10K	1 1
	PQ4R10XJ103	10K	1 1	R303	PQ4R10XJ104	100K	
R137	PQ4R10XJ472	4.7K	1 1	R304	PQ4R10XJ472	4.7K	1 1
	PQ4R10XJ332	3.3K	1	R305	PQ4R10XJ473	47K	1
R139	PQ4R10XJ103	10K	1	R306	PQ4R10XJ4R7	4.7	1
				R307	PQ4R10XJ473	47K	1
R140	PQ4R10XJ123	12K	1	R308	Not Used		
R141	PQ4R10XJ124	120K	1	R309	PQ4R10XJ683	68K	1
	PQ4R10XJ823	82K	1	ı			
	PQ4R10XJ682	6.8K	1	R310	PQ4R10XJ225	2.2M	1 1
	PQ4R10XJ105	1M	1	R311	PQ4R10XJ303	30K	1
	PQ4R10XJ224	220K	1	R312	PQ4R10XJ683	68K 6.8K	1 1
	Not Used Not Used			R313 R314	PQ4R10XJ682 PQ4R10XJ822	8.2K	
	PQ4R10XJ473	47K	1	R315	PQ4R10XJ275	2.7M	1
1140	FQ4H10X0473		ı	R316	PQ4R18XJ104	100K	
R201	PQ4R10XJ104	100K	1	R317	PQ4R10XJ472	4.7K	1 1
	PQ4R10XJ823	82K	1	R318	PQ4R10XJ104	100K	1
	Not Used			R319	PQ4R18XJ225	2.2M	1
	PQ4R10XJ104	100K	1				
R205	PQ4R10XJ224	220K	1	R320	PQ4R18XJ472	4.7K	1
R206	PQ4R10XJ103	10K	1	R321	PQ4R10XJ101	100	1
R207	PQ4R10XJ273	27K	1	R322	PQ4R18XJ223	22K	1
	Not Used	l		R323	PQ4R18XJ103	10K	1
R209	PQ4R10XJ823	82K	1	R324	PQ4R10XJ473	47K	1
D046	DO 4D40V 1470	4714	,	D404	DO4B40X 1405	1.0M	,
	PQ4R10XJ473	47K	1 1	R401 R402	PQ4R10XJ125 Not Used	1.2M	1 1
1	PQ4R10XJ104	100K 220K	1 1	R402	PQ4R10XJ105	1M	1
	PQ4R18XJ224 Not Used	LECON .	'	R404	Not Used	I''''	'
1	PQ4R10XJ185	1.8M	1	R405	PQ4R10XJ273	27K	1
	PQ4R10XJ473	47K	1	R406	PQ4R10XJ273	27K	
	PQ4R10XJ683	68K	i	R407	PQ4R18XJ103	10K	1
1 1	PQ4R10XJ472	4.7K	1				
	PQ4R10XJ821	820	1	R410	PQ4R10XJ184	180K	1
	PQ4R10XJ105	1M	1	R411	PQ4R10XJ223	22K	1
[R412	PQ4R10XJ472	4.7K	1
	PQ4R10XJ102	1K	1	R413	Not Used	1	
1	PQ4R18XJ152	1.5K	1	R414	PQ4R10XJ104	100K	
	PQ4R18XJ152	1.5K	1	R415	PQ4R10XJ103	10K	1 1
1 1	PQ4R10XJ104	100K	1	R416	PQ4R10XJ332	3.3K	1
	PQ4R10XJ333	33K	1	R417	PQ4R10XJ682	6.8K	1
	PQ4R10XJ123	12K	1	R418 R419	PQ4R10XJ222 PQ4R10XJ473	2.2K 47K	1
	PQ4R10XJ472	4.7K 47K	1 1	D419	F Q4F1UAJ4/3	700	'
R227	PQ4R10XJ473	[770	<u> </u>	L			L

Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Pcs/Set	Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Pcs/Set
R421	PQ4R10XJ824	820K	1	C105	ECEA1CKS100	10 S	1
R422	PQ4R10XJ683	68K	1	C106	ECEA0JSJ331	330	
R423	PQ4R10XJ472	4.7K	1	C107	ECUV1H101JC	100P	1
R424	PQ4R10XJ334	330K	1	C108	PQCUV1H102J	0.001	4
R425	PQ4R10XJ563	56K	1	C109	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	
R426	PQ4R10XJ392	3.9K	1			-	
R427	PQ4R10XF2701	270	1	C110	PQCUV1H221JC	220P	1
R428	PQ4R10XF1201	1.2K	1	C111	PQCUV1H102J	0.001	
R429	PQ4R10XJ224	220K	1	C112	Not Used		
				C113	Not Used		
R430	PQ4R18XF1202	12K	1	C114	Not Used		
		ļ · _ · ·		C115	PQCUV1E473MD	0.047	1 1
R501	PQ4R10XJ474	470K	1	C116	Not Used		
R502	PQ4R10XJ474	470K	1	C117	Not Used		
R503	PQ4R10XJ473	47K	1	C118	Not Used	i	
R504	PQ4R10XJ474	470K	1	C119	PQCUV1E473	0.047	1 1
R505	PQ4R10XJ474	470K	1				Ì
R506	PQ4R10XJ275	2.7M	i	C120	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	1
R507	PQ4R10XJ823	82K	1	C121	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	
R508	PQ4R10XJ224	220K	1	C122	Not Used		'
R509	ERDS1TJ331	330 s		C123	ECEA1HKS100	10 s	1
1.000]	i i	C124	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	
R510	ERDS1VJ4R7	4.7	1	C125	PQCUV1H101JC	100P	1 1
R511	PQ4R10XJ103	10K	1	0 / 2 0	1 400 11110100	1,001	1 '
R512	PQ4R10XJ683	68K	1	C137	PQCUV1E473MD	0.047	1 1
R513	PQ4R10XJ333	33K	i	C138	PQCUV1E473MD	0.047	
R514	PQ4R10XJ104	100K	li	0,00	1 GOOVIETIONS	0.017] '
R515	PQ4R10XJ104	100K	li	C140	PQCUV1H223MD	0.022	1
R516	PQ4R10XJ150	15	i	C141	PQCUV1H223MD	0.022	i
R517	ERDS1TJ331	330	i	C142	ECUV1H103KB	0.01 S	1 1
R518	Not Used		i '	C143	Not Used	0.01	1 1
R519	PQ4R10XJ220	22	1	C144	Not Used		
11.010	T Q TITOXOZZO		'	C145	PQCUV1H105JC	1 S	1
1004 004	DO 4D40V 1000		40	0001	DOOLINATION IO	0.033 S	
1	PQ4R10XJ000	0	13	C201	PQCUV1H333JC	0.033 S	1
J606~614				C202	Not Used		1 , 1
1				C203	PQCUV1H102J	0.001 S	
J651	PQ4R10XJ000	0	1	C204	ECUV1H103KB	0.01	
J652	PQ4R10XJ000	0	1	C205	ECUV1H102KB	0.001 S	1
				C206	Not Used		
1				C207	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01 S	
]				C208	PQCUV1H332KB	0.0033 S	
				C209	PQCUV1H332KB	0.0033 S	1
				C211	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	1
1		(CAPACITORS)		C212	PQCUV1H180JC	18P	1
C2	ECEA1HKS100	10 S	1	C213	PQCUV1H180JC	18P	1 1
C3	ECEA1HKSR22	0.22	1	C214	ECEA1HKSR33	0.33	1 1
C4	ECEA1HKS010	1	1			İ	
C5	PQCUV1H222KB	0.0022	1	C222	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01 S	. 1
C6	ECKD2H681KB	680P S	1	C223	EECW5R5D473	0.047 S	
C7	ECKD2H681KB	680P S	1	C224	ECEA1AU221	220 S	1 1
C8	PQCUV1H103KB	0.001 S	1	C225	Not Used		[
	T GOOV INTOONS	0.001	·	C226	ECEA0JU331	330	1
C10	ECEA1AKS221	220 S	1				
C11	PQCUV1H105JC	1	1	C230	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01 S	1 1
C12	Not Used			C231	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01 S	
C13	Not Used			C232	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01 S	
C14	PQCUV1H680JC	68P	1	C233	PQCUV1H562KB	0.0056 S	1 1
C15	Not Used						
C16	PQCUV1H270JC	27P	1	C302	PQCUV1E104MD	0.1 S	1
C17	ECEA1CKS220	22 S	1	C303	Not Used		<u> </u>
C18	PQCUV1E104MD	0.1 S	1	C304	ECEA1CKS220	22 S	1
C19	ECEA0JSJ331	330 S	1	C305	ECEA1CKS4R7	4.7	1
			·	C306	ECEA0JK221	220 S	1
C101	PQCUV1C154KB	0.15	1	C307	ECEA0JKS101	100	1
C101	PQCUV1H223MD	0.022	1	C308	PQCUV1E473MD	0.047	1
C102	PQCUV1H105JC	1 S	i	C309	PQCUV1H102J	0.001 S	
C103	Not Used	j .					
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Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description		Pcs/Set	Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Pcs/	/Set
C311	ECEA0JSJ331	330	S			OPERATION	PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD PARTS	·	
C312 C313	PQCUV1H103KB PQCUV1H103KB	0.01 0.01	S	1	PCB2	PQWP2T2886EU	OPERATION, P.C.BOARD ASS'Y (RTL)	1	
C314 C315	Not Used PQCUV1H682KB	0.0068	s	1			(112)		
C316	PQCUV1E104MD	0.1	S						
C317	PQCUV1H105JC PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	S	1 1	IC601	PQVI5204110F	(IC)	1	i
C318 C319	PQCUV1H223MD	0.022	3	1	10001	PQVI32047101		<u> </u>	
C320	PQCUV1H105JC	1	s	1					
C321	ECEA1CKS4R7	4.7		1			(LEDS)		
C322 C323	PQCUV1C683MD ECEA1CKS470	0.068 47		1 1	LED601	PQVDSLR325MC	LED	1	ı
C324	PQCUV1E104MD	0.1	s	1 1	LED602	PQVDSLR325MC	LED	1	
C325	ECEA1CKS100	10	S	1	LED605	LN265RPH	LED	1	Í
C326	PQCUV1E473MD	0.047		1					
C327	PQCUV1E104MD	0.1	S	1			1		
C328	PQCUV1E104MD	0.1	S	1					
C401	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	S	1	CNICO4	DO 1000 4 007	(CONNECTOR)	١,	
C402 C403	Not Used PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	s	1	CN601	PQJS06A36Z	CONNECTOR, 6 PIN	1	
C403	Not Used	0.01	J	'					
C405	Not Used								
C406	Not Used					•			
C407	PQCUV1H472KB	0.0047	S	1					
C408	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	S	1			(SWITCHES)		
0.440	DO 0111111111111111		_	,	S601	EVQ21405R	SWITCH, REMAIN TIME	1 1	
C410	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	S	1 1	S602 S603	EVQ21405R EVQ21405R	SWITCH, ALL ERASE SWITCH, GREETING CHECK	1 1	
C411 C412	PQCUV1E473MD Not Used	0.047		'	S604	EVQ21405R EVQ21405R	SWITCH, REMOTE CODE	'	
C412	PQCUV1H102J	0.001	s	1	S605	EVQ21405R	SWITCH, ALARM	1	
C414	ECEA1HKS010	1	•	1	S606	EVQ21405R	SWITCH, TIME	1	
C415	PQCUV1H105JC	1	S	1	S607	EVQ21405R	SWITCH, PROGRAM	1	i
C416	PQCUV1H682KB	0.0068	S	1	S608	EVQ21405R	SWITCH, GREETING RECORD	1	
C417	PQCUV1E104MD	0.1	S	1 1	S609	EVQ21405R	SWITCH, GREETING SELECT	1 1	
C418	ECUV1H104MD	0.1		1 1	S610 S611	EVQ21405R EVQ21405R	SWITCH, TRANSFER SWITCH, ANSWER ON	1	
C419	PQCUV1H223MD	0.022			S612	EVQ21405R	SWITCH, MAILBOX	1	ı
C420	PQCUV1H472KB PQCUV1E473MD	0.0047 0.047		1 1	S613	EVQ21405R	SWITCH, MAILBOX	1	1
C421 C422	ECEA1CKS100	10	s					ł	
C423	PQCUV1H102J	0.001	S					1	
C424	ECEA0JKS101	100	-	1 1			(OTHERS)		
C425	ECEA0JKS101	100		1 1	E101	PQHR10214Z	LCD HOLDER	1	i
C426	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	S	1	LCD1	PQADB5702AZ	LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY	1	
C427	Not Used	1.00		,	X601	PQVBB800J1	CERAMIC FILTER	1	
C428 C429	ECEA0JKS101 PQCUV1H103KB	100 0.01	s	1 1					
1							(RESISTORS)		_
C430	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	S		R601	PQ4R10XJ104	100K	1 1	
C431 C432	PQCUV1H105JC PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	S	1 1	R602 R603	PQ4R10XJ105 PQ4R10XJ104	1M 100K	1 1	
C432	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	S		R604	PQ4R10XJ104	100K		
C434	PQCUV1H272KB	0.0027	s		R605	PQ4R10XJ331	330	1	
C435	PQCUV1E104MD	0.1	S		R606 R607	PQ4R10XJ331 PQ4R10XJ681	330 680	1 1	
C501	ECEA1AU222	2200	s	1	1			1	
C502	PQCUV1H102J	0.001	S	1	1			1	
C503	PQCUV1H333JC	0.033	S	1 1			(OADAGITODO)	1	
C504	ECEA1AU221	220			0001	ECHV41140445	(CAPACITORS)		1
C505	PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	S	1	C601 C602	ECUV1H104MD PQCUV1H221JC	0.1 S 220P S		
C506 C507	Not Used PQCUV1H103KB	0.01	s	1	C603	PQCUV1H221JC	220P S		
C508	ECEA1AU221	220	J	1 1	1	. 4337111.22100		'	
					J901 J904	PQ4R10XJ000 PQ4R10XJ000	0 0	1	
<u> </u>	L	<u> </u>		L	L	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	

Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Pcs/Set	Ref. No.	Part No.	Part Name & Description	Pcs/Set
	DIGITAL TAM	PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD PARTS	1	C723 C724	ECUV1H102KBV ECUV1H470JCV	0.001 47P	1 1
PCB3	PQLP10061E	DIGITAL TAM P.C.BOARD ASS'Y (RTL)	1	C724 C725 C726 C727 C728 C729	ECUV1H470JCV ECUV1H470JCV ECUV1H102KBV ECUV1H102KBV ECUV1H102KBV	47P 47P 0.001 0.001 0.001	1 1 1 1 1
IC701 IC702 IC703 IC704 IC705	PQVID6305AD PQVIMC5480DW PQVID000035 PQVID000035 PQVILH53170M	(ICS) IC IC IC IC IC	1 1 1 1				
CN701 CN702	PQJS14A56Z PQJS07A56Z	(CONNECTORS) CONNECTOR, 14PIN CONNECTOR, 7PIN	1 . 1				
L701	PQLQR1ET	(OTHERS) COIL	1				
R701 R702 R703 R704 R705 R706 R707 R708 R709 R710 R711 R712 R713	ERJ3GEYJ105 ERJ3GEYJ103 ERJ3GEYJ102 ERJ3GEYJ221 ERJ3GEYJ221 ERJ3GEYJ221 ERJ3GEYJ221 ERJ3GEYJ221 ERJ3GEYJ221 ERJ3GEYJ221 ERJ3GEYJ221 ERJ3GEYJ221 ERJ3GEYJ221	(RESISTORS) 1M 10K 10K 1K 220 220 220 220 220 220 220 220 220 22	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				
C701 C703 C704 C705 C706 C707 C708 C709 C711 C713 C714 C715 C716 C717 C718 C719 C720 C721	PQCUV1H105JC PQCUV1H105JC ECUV1H100DCV ECUV1H100DCV ECUV1H104ZFV ECUV1H104ZFV ECUV1H104ZFV ECUV1H104ZFV ECUV1H104ZFV ECUV1H104ZFV ECUV1H102KBV ECUV1H102KBV ECUV1H102KBV ECUV1H102KBV ECUV1H102KBV ECUV1H102KBV ECUV1H102KBV ECUV1H102KBV ECUV1H102KBV ECUV1H102KBV ECUV1H102KBV	(CAPACITORS) 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				